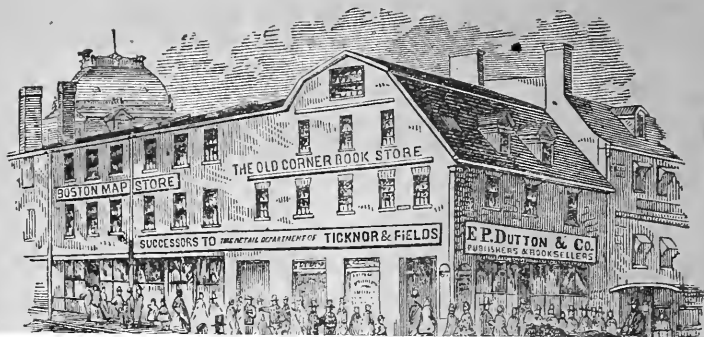


THE
MEDICAL REGISTER
OF THE
CITY OF BOSTON
FOR 1866.



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THE


BOSTON

MEDICAL REGISTER,

For the Year commencing June 1, 1866.

CHAS. H. S. DAVIS, M.D. EDITOR.

BOSTON:
ANDREW BOYD,
265 WASHINGTON STREET,
1866.

Dup. 5739a.2

38. B. 11.

The Second Number of the "Register" will contain the names and residence of the Members of the Massachusetts State Medical Society, the Suffolk District Medical Society, Medical Fee table, and Historical matter of interest.

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1866, by

ANDREW BOYD,

In the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the District of
Massachusetts.

J. E. FARWELL & COMPANY, PRINTERS,
37 CONGRESS STREET, BOSTON.

P R E F A C E .

THE first number of the "Boston Medical Register," is respectfully offered to the Profession. It is intended to contain an account of every Medical Institution in the city, and suburbs of Boston, and the residence and office hours of all duly qualified Practitioners of Medicine, with Necrology, and Historical matter of interest to Physicians.

Although great care has been taken, yet it cannot be expected that the first number of a work of this kind will be complete; and the Editor would be greatly obliged for contributions, corrections, or suggestions calculated to make future editions of this work more serviceable to the profession.

The Editor would acknowledge his indebtedness to the "New York Medical Register," for the general plan of this work; and would also return his thanks to those gentlemen who have kindly assisted him with material and suggestions.

Owing to the limited edition published, it is not expected that the Editor will derive any pecuniary emolument from this work, and in order that he may be covered from loss, he would respectfully call upon the Medical Profession for their support and co-operation.

It is expected that the second number of the "Register" will be issued June 1, 1867.

CHAS. H. S. DAVIS.

Boston, *June 1*, 1866.

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1866.

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1867.

JAN.

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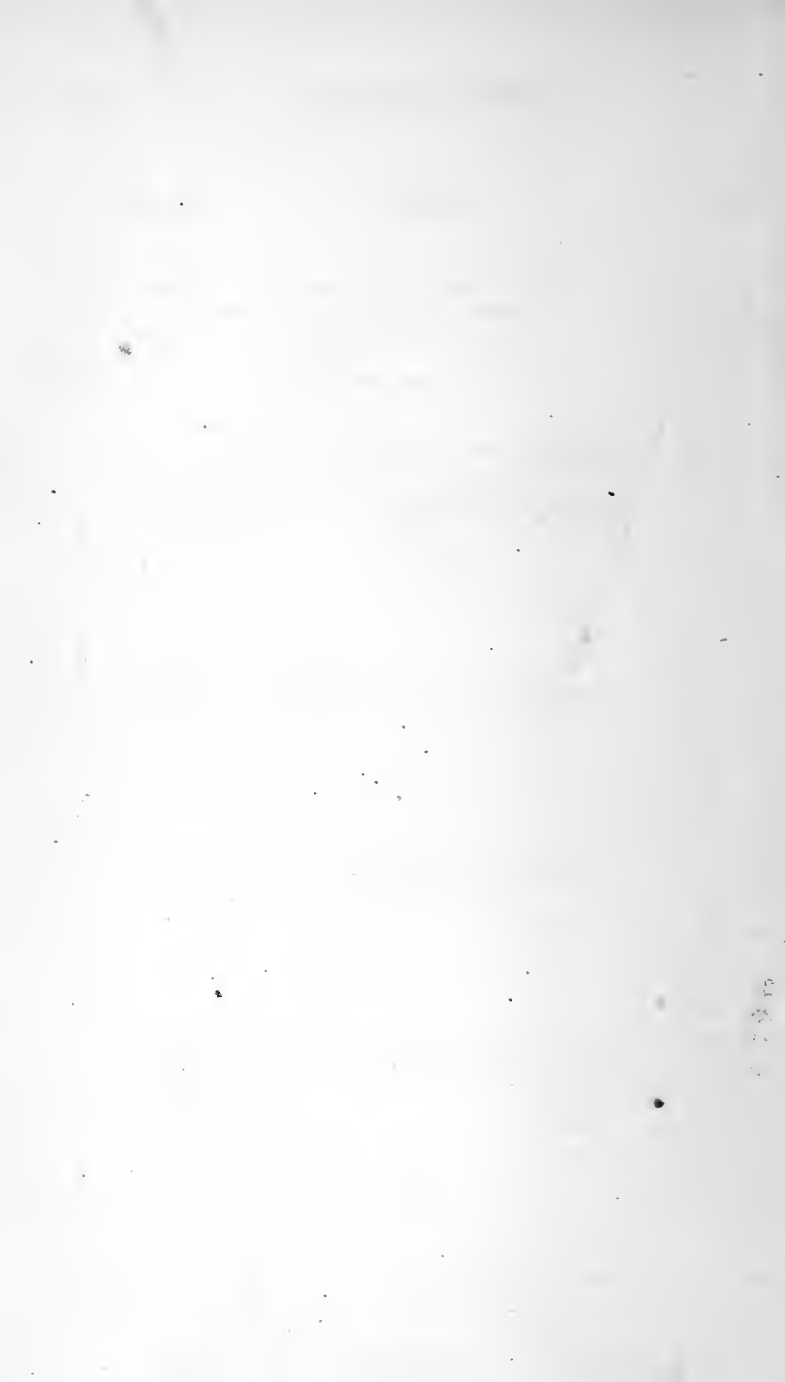
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1866.

JUNE.

6th Mo.

DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF WEEK.	Days of Meeting in the several Medical Societies of Boston, and Medical Chronology.
1	Frid.	
2	Sat.	Boston Obstetrical Society meets
3	Sun.	
4	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
5	Tues.	
6	Wed.	
7	Thur.	
8	Frid.	
9	Sat.	
10	Sun.	
11	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
12	Tues.	
13	Wed.	
14	Thur.	
15	Frid.	
16	Sat.	
17	Sun.	
18	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
19	Tues.	
20	Wed.	
21	Thur.	
22	Frid.	
23	Sat.	
24	Sun.	
25	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
26	Tues.	
27	Wed.	
28	Thur.	
29	Frid.	
30	Sat.	

1866.		JULY.	7th Mo.
DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF WEEK.	Days of Meeting of the several Medical Societies in Boston, and Medical Chronology.	
1	Sun.		
2	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets	
3	Tues.		
4	Wed.		
5	Thur.		
6	Frid.		
7	Sat.	Boston Obstetrical Society meets	
8	Sun.		
9	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets	
10	Tues.		
11	Wed.		
12	Thur.		
13	Frid.		
14	Sat.		
15	Sun.		
16	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets	
17	Tues.		
18	Wed.		
19	Thur.		
20	Frid.		
21	Sat.		
22	Sun.		
23	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets	
24	Tues.		
25	Wed.		
26	Thur.	Mass. Medical Benev. Soc. meets	
27	Frid.		
28	Sat.		
29	Sun.		
30	Mon.		
31	Tues.		

1866.

AUGUST.

8th Mo.

DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF WEEK.	Days of Meeting of the several Medical Societies of Boston, and Medical Chronology.
1	Wed.	
2	Thur.	
3	Frid.	
4	Sat.	Boston Obstetrical Society meets
5	Sun.	
6	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
7	Tues.	
8	Wed.	
9	Thur.	
10	Frid.	
11	Sat.	
12	Sun.	
13	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
14	Tues.	
15	Wed.	
16	Thur.	
17	Frid.	
18	Sat.	
19	Sun.	
20	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
21	Tues.	
22	Wed.	Am. Pharm. Association meets
23	Thur.	
24	Frid.	
25	Sat.	
26	Sun.	
27	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
28	Tues.	
29	Wed.	
30	Thur.	
31	Frid.	

1866.

SEPTEMBER.

9th Mo.

DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF WEEK.	Days of Meeting of the several Medical Societies in Boston, and Medical Chronology.
1	Sat.	Boston Obstetrical Society meets
2	Sun.	
3	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
4	Tues.	
5	Wed.	
6	Thur.	
7	Frid.	
8	Sat.	
9	Sun.	
10	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
11	Tues.	
12	Wed.	
13	Thur.	Autumn Course Harv'd Med. School begins
14	Frid.	
15	Sat.	
16	Sun.	
17	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
18	Tues.	
19	Wed.	Suffolk Dist. Medical Society meets
20	Thur.	
21	Frid.	
22	Sat.	
23	Sun.	
24	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
25	Tues.	
26	Wed.	
27	Thur.	
28	Frid.	
29	Sat.	
30	Sun.	

1866.

OCTOBER.

10th Mo.

DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF WEEK.	Days of Meeting of the several Medical Societies in Boston, and Medical Chronology.
1	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
2	Tues.	
3	Wed.	
4	Thur.	
5	Frid.	
6	Sat.	Boston Obstetrical Society meets
7	Sun.	
8	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
9	Tues.	
10	Wed.	
11	Thur.	
12	Frid.	
13	Sat.	
14	Sun.	
15	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
16	Tues.	
17	Wed.	
18	Thur.	
19	Frid.	
20	Sat.	
21	Sun.	
22	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
23	Tues.	
24	Wed.	
25	Thur.	Mass. Medical Benev. Society meets
26	Frid.	
27	Sat.	
28	Sun.	
29	Mon.	
30	Tues.	
31	Wed.	

1866.

NOVEMBER.

11th Mo.

DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF WEEK.	Days of Meeting of the several Medical Societies in Boston, and Medical Chronology.
1	Thur.	
2	Frid.	
3	Sat.	Boston Obstetrical Society meets
4	Sun.	
5	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
6	Tues.	{ N.E. Female Med. Col. win. course begins Harv. Univ. " " " " "
7	Wed.	
8	Thur.	
9	Frid.	
10	Sat.	
11	Sun.	
12	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
13	Tues.	
14	Wed.	
15	Thur.	
16	Frid.	
17	Sat.	
18	Sun.	
19	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
20	Tues.	
21	Wed.	
22	Thur.	
23	Frid.	
24	Sat.	
25	Sun.	
26	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
27	Tues.	
28	Wed.	
29	Thur.	
30	Frid.	

1866.

DECEMBER.

12th Mo.

DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF WEEK.	Days of Meeting of the several Medical Societies in Boston, and Medical Chronology.
1	Sat.	Boston Obstetrical Society meets
2	Sun.	
3	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
4	Tues.	
5	Wed.	
6	Thur.	
7	Frid.	
8	Sat.	
9	Sun.	
10	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
11	Tues.	
12	Wed.	
13	Thur.	
14	Frid.	
15	Sat.	
16	Sun.	
17	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
18	Tues.	
19	Wed.	
20	Thur.	
21	Frid.	
22	Sat.	
23	Sun.	
24	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
25	Tues.	
26	Wed.	
27	Thur.	
28	Frid.	
29	Sat.	
30	Sun.	
31	Mon.	

1867.		JANUARY.	1st Mo.
DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF WEEK.	Days of Meeting of the several Medical Societies in Boston, and Medical Chronology.	
1	Tues.		
2	Wed.		
3	Thur.		
4	Frid.		
5	Sat.	Boston Obstetrical Society meets	
6	Sun.		
7	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets	
8	Tues.		
9	Wed.		
10	Thur.		
11	Frid.		
12	Sat.		
13	Sun.		
14	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets	
15	Tues.		
16	Wed.		
17	Thur.		
18	Frid.		
19	Sat.		
20	Sun.		
21	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets	
22	Tues.		
23	Wed.		
24	Thur.		
25	Frid.		
26	Sat.		
27	Sun.		
28	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets	
29	Tues.		
30	Wed.		
31	Thur.	Mass. Medical Benev. Society meets	

1867.

FEBRUARY.

2nd Mo.

DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF WEEK.	Days of Meeting of the several Medical Societies in Boston, and Medical Chronology.
1	Frid.	
2	Sat.	Boston Obstetrical Society meets
3	Sun.	
4	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
5	Tues.	
6	Wed.	
7	Thur.	
8	Frid.	
9	Sat.	
10	Sun.	
11	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
12	Tues.	
13	Wed.	
14	Thur.	
15	Frid.	
16	Sat.	
17	Sun.	
18	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
19	Tues.	
20	Wed.	
21	Thur.	
22	Frid.	
23	Sat.	
24	Sun.	
25	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
26	Tues.	
27	Wed.	
28	Thur.	

1867.		MARCH.	3rd Mo.
DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF WEEK.	Days of Meeting of the several Medical Societies in Boston, and Medical Chronology.	
1	Frid.	Boston Obstetrical Society meets	
2	Sat.		
3	Sun.		
4	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets	
5	Tues.		
6	Wed.		
7	Thur.		
8	Frid.		
9	Sat.		
10	Sun.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets	
11	Mon.		
12	Tues.		
13	Wed.	Spring Term Harv'd Med. School begins	
14	Thur.		
15	Frid.		
16	Sat.		
17	Sun.		
18	Mon.		
19	Tues.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets	
20	Wed.		
21	Thur.		
22	Frid.		
23	Sat.		
24	Sun.		
25	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets	
26	Tues.		
27	Wed.		
28	Thur.		
29	Frid.		
30	Sat.		
31	Sun.		

1867.

APRIL.

4th Mo.

DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF WEEK.	Days of Meeting of the several Medical Societies in Boston, and Medical Chronology.
1	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
2	Tues.	
3	Wed.	Suffolk Dist. Medical Society meets
4	Thur.	
5	Frid.	
6	Sat.	Boston Obstetrical Society meets
7	Sun.	
8	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
9	Tues.	
10	Wed.	
11	Thur.	
12	Frid.	
13	Sat.	
14	Sun.	
15	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
16	Tues.	
17	Wed.	
18	Thur.	
19	Frid.	
20	Sat.	
21	Sun.	
22	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
23	Tues.	
24	Wed.	
25	Thur.	Mass. Medical Benev. Society meets
26	Frid.	
27	Sat.	
28	Sun.	
29	Mon.	
30	Tues.	

1867.

MAY.

5th Mo.

DAY OF MONTH.	DAY OF WEEK.	Days of Meeting of the several Medical Societies in Boston, and Medical Chronology.
1	Wed.	
2	Thur.	
3	Frid.	
4	Sat.	Boston Obstetrical Society meets
5	Sun.	{ Boston Medical Association meets " Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
6	Mon.	
7	Tues.	
8	Wed.	Am. Med. Association meets at Cincinnati
9	Thur.	
10	Frid.	
11	Sat.	
12	Sun.	
13	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
14	Tues.	
15	Wed.	
16	Thur.	
17	Frid.	
18	Sat.	
19	Sun.	
20	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Observ. meets
21	Tues.	
22	Wed.	
23	Thur.	
24	Frid.	
25	Sat.	
26	Sun.	
27	Mon.	Boston Soc. for Medical Improv. meets
28	Tues.	
29	Wed.	
30	Thur.	
31	Frid.	

American Medical Association.

THIS Association, under the title of the "National Medical Convention," was founded at the suggestion of Nathan S. Davis, M. D., in the city of New York, in May, 1846. Completing its plan of organization in 1847, the name was changed, and the present one adopted.

PLAN OF ORGANIZATION.

Regulations.

I. TITLE OF THE ASSOCIATION.

This Institution shall be known and distinguished by the name of "THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION."

II. MEMBERS.

The members of this institution shall collectively represent and have cognizance of the common interest of the medical profession in every part of the United States; and shall hold their appointment to membership either as delegates from local institutions, as members by invitation, or as permanent members. The DELEGATES shall receive the appointment from permanently organized medical societies, medical colleges, hospitals, lunatic asylums, and other permanently organized medical institutions of good standing in the United States, and from the American Medical Society of Paris.

Each local Society shall have the privilege of sending to the Association *one delegate* for every *ten* of its regular resident members, and one for every additional fraction of more than half of the number. The faculty of every regular constituted Medical College, or chartered school of medicine, shall have the privilege of sending two delegates. The professional staff of every chartered or municipal hospital containing a hundred inmates or more, shall have the privilege of sending two delegates; and every other permanently organized medical institution of good standing shall have the privilege of sending one delegate.

The sum of *three dollars* shall be assessed annually upon each of the delegates to the sessions of the Association, as well as upon each of its permanent members, for the purpose of raising a fund to defray the expenses of printing the TRANSACTIONS. The payment of this assessment shall be required of the delegates and members in attendance upon the session of the Association, previously to their taking their seats and participating in the business of the session; and of all others on or before the first of September, in each year. Each delegate and member who has paid his annual assessment, in accordance with the terms of the above resolution, shall be entitled to receive a copy of the printed TRANSACTIONS of the session.

No individual who shall be under sentence of expulsion, or suspension, from any State or Local Medical Society of which he may have been a member, shall be received as a delegate to this body, or be allowed any of the privileges of a member, until he shall have been relieved from the said sentence by such State or Local Society.

No one expelled from the Association, shall at any time thereafter be received as a delegate or member, unless by a three-fourths vote of the members present at the meeting to which he is sent, or at which he is proposed.

No State or Local Society shall be entitled to representation in this Association, that has not adopted its Code of Ethics.

No State or Local Society that has intentionally violated or disregarded any article or clause in the Code of Ethics, shall any longer be entitled to representation in this body.

No organization or institution entitled to representation in this Association, shall be considered in good standing which has not adopted its Code of Ethics.

Delegates representing the Medical Staff of the United States Army and Navy, shall be appointed by the Chiefs of the Army and Navy Medical Bureau. The number of delegates so appointed shall be four from the Army Medical officers, and an equal number from the Navy Medical officers.

MEMBERS BY INVITATION shall consist of practitioners of reputable standing, from sections of the United States not otherwise represented at the meeting. They shall receive their appointment by invitation of the meeting, after an introduction from, and being vouched for by any of the members present, or any of the absent permanent members. They shall hold their connection with the Association until the close of the annual sessions at which they are received; and shall be entitled to participate in all its affairs, as in the case of delegates.

No assessment whatever shall be made against mem-

bers by invitation, but they also shall be entitled to a copy of the printed TRANSACTIONS, by paying the sum assessed upon delegates in attendance.

PERMANENT MEMBERS shall consist of all those who have served in the capacity of delegates, and of such other members as may receive the appointments by unanimous vote.

No permanent member, who is not present at a meeting of the Association, shall be required to pay the annual assessment, but no such permanent member shall be entitled to receive a copy of the printed TRANSACTIONS, unless he pay into the Treasury a sum not less than the annual assessment paid by the delegates and permanent members in attendance; all the names of permanent members that have been left off the published list, shall be re-inserted therein in the next volume of TRANSACTIONS.

Permanent members shall at all times be entitled to attend the meetings, and participate in the affairs of the Association, so long as they shall continue to conform to its regulations, *but without the right of voting*; and when not in attendance, they shall be authorized to grant letters of introduction to reputable practitioners of medicine residing in their vicinity, who wish to partake in the business of the meetings as provided for members by invitation.

Every member elect, prior to the permanent organization of the annual meeting, or before voting on any question after the meeting has been organized, must sign these regulations, inscribing his name and address in full, specifying in what capacity he attends, and, if a delegate, the title of the institution from which he has received his appointment.

No one shall be permitted to address the Association, except he shall have first given his name and residence, which shall be distinctly announced from the Chair, and the member be required to go forward and speak from the stand, and not more than ten minutes at one time.

It is the duty of every member of this Association, who learns that any existing medical school departs from the published conditions of graduation, to report the fact at the annual meetings; and on proof of the fact, such school shall be deprived of its representation in this body.

.III. MEETINGS.

The regular meetings of the Association shall be held annually and commence on the first Tuesday in May, or the first Tuesday in June. The place of meeting shall never be the same for any two years in succession, and shall be determined, with the time of meeting for each next succeeding year, by vote of the Association.

Officers for 1866-7.

H. F. Askew, M. D., Delaware . . .	<i>President.</i>
W. K. Bowling, M. D., Tenn. . .	} <i>Vice Presidents.</i>
J. C. Hughes, M. D., Iowa . . .	
H. I. Bowditch, M. D., Mass. . .	
Thos. C. Brinsmade, M. D., N. Y. . .	
Wm. B. Atkinson, M. D., Penn. . .	<i>Permanent Sec'y.</i>
Casper Wister, M. D., Penn. . .	<i>Treasurer.</i>
W. W. Dawson, M. D., Cincinnati. . .	<i>Assistant Sec'y.</i>

PLACES OF MEETING EACH YEAR.

1846, New York.	1856, Detroit.
1847, Philadelphia.	1857, Nashville.
1848, Baltimore.	1858, Washington.
1849, Boston.	1859, Louisville.
1850, Cincinnati.	1860, New Haven.
1851, Charleston.	1863, Chicago.
1852, Richmond.	1864, New York.
1853, New York.	1865, Boston.
1854, St. Louis.	1866, Baltimore.
1855, Philadelphia.	

The next meeting will be held in Cincinnati, Ohio,
Tuesday, May 7, 1867.

CODE OF MEDICAL ETHICS
OF THE
American Medical Association,
ADOPTED MAY, 1847.

CHAPTER I.

OF THE DUTIES OF PHYSICIANS TO THEIR PATIENTS,
AND OF THE OBLIGATIONS OF PATIENTS TO THEIR
PHYSICIANS.

ART. I. — *Duties of Physicians to their Patients.*

§ 1. A physician should not only be ever ready to obey the calls of the sick, but his mind ought also to be imbued with the greatness of his mission, and the responsibility he habitually incurs in its discharge. These obligations are the more deep and enduring, because there is no tribunal other than his own conscience, to adjudge penalties for carelessness or neglect. Physicians should, therefore, minister to the sick with due impressions of the importance of their office; reflecting that the ease, the health, and the lives of those committed to their charge, depend on their skill, attention, and fidelity. They should study also, in their deportment, so to unite *tenderness* with *firmness*, and *condescension* with au-

thority, as to inspire the minds of their patients with gratitude, respect, and confidence.

§ 2. Every case committed to the charge of a physician, should be treated with attention, steadiness, and humanity. Reasonable indulgence should be granted to the mental imbecility and caprices of the sick. Secrecy and delicacy, when required by peculiar circumstances, should be strictly observed; and the familiar and confidential intercourse to which physicians are admitted in their professional visits, should be used with discretion, and with the most scrupulous regard to fidelity and honor. The obligation of secrecy extends beyond the period of professional services; none of the privacies of personal and domestic life, no infirmity of disposition, or flaw of character, observed during professional attendance, should ever be divulged by him except when he is imperatively required to do so. The force and necessity of this obligation, are indeed so great, that professional men have, under certain circumstances, been protected in their observance of secrecy, by courts of Justice.

§ 3. Frequent visits to the sick are in general requisite, since they enable the physician to arrive at a more perfect knowledge of the disease, — to meet promptly every change which may occur, and also tend to preserve the confidence of the patient. But unnecessary visits are to be avoided, as they give useless anxiety to the patient, tend to diminish the authority of the physician, and render him liable to be suspected of interested motives.

§ 4. A physician should not be forward to make gloomy prognostications, because they savor of empiri-

cism, by magnifying the importance of his services in the treatment or cure of the disease. But he should not fail on proper occasions, to give to the friends of the patient, timely notice of danger when it really occurs; and even to the patient himself, if absolutely necessary. This office however, is so peculiarly alarming when executed by him, that it ought to be declined whenever it can be assigned to any other person of sufficient judgment and delicacy. For the physician should be the minister of hope and comfort to the sick; that by such cordials to the drooping spirit he may smooth the bed of death, revive expiring life, and counteract the depressing influence of those maladies which often disturb the tranquillity of the most resigned in their last moment. The life of a sick person can be shortened, not only by the acts, but also by the words or the manner of a physician. It is, therefore, a sacred duty to guard himself carefully in this respect, and to avoid all things which have a tendency to discourage the patient, and to depress his spirits.

§ 5. A physician ought not to abandon a patient because the case is deemed incurable; for his attendance may continue to be highly useful to the patient, and comforting to the relatives around him, even in the last period of a fatal malady, by alleviating pain and other symptoms, and by soothing mental anguish. To decline attendance, under such circumstances, would be sacrificing to fanciful delicacy and mistaken liberality, that moral duty which is independent of, and far superior to all pecuniary considerations.

§ 6. Consultations should be promoted in difficult and protracted cases, as they give rise to confidence, energy, and more enlarged views in practice.

§ 7. The opportunity which a physician not unfrequently enjoys, of promoting and strengthening the good resolutions of his patients suffering under the consequences of vicious conduct, ought never to be neglected. His counsels, or even remonstrances, will give satisfaction, not offence, if they be proffered with politeness, and evince a genuine love of virtue, accompanied by a sincere interest in the welfare of the person to whom they are addressed.

ART. II. — *Obligations of Patients to their Physicians.*

§ 1. The members of the medical profession, upon whom is enjoined the performance of so many important and arduous duties towards the community, and who are required to make so many sacrifices of comfort, ease, and health, for the welfare of those who avail themselves of their services, certainly have a right to expect and require that their patients should entertain a just sense of the duties which they owe to their medical attendant.

§ 2. The first duty of a patient, is to select as his medical adviser, one who has received a regular professional education. In no trade or occupation do mankind rely on the skill of an untaught artist; and in medicine, confessedly the most difficult and intricate of the sciences, the world ought not to suppose that knowledge is intuitive.

§ 3. Patients should prefer a physician whose habits of life are regular, and who is not devoted to company, pleasure, or to any other pursuit incompatible with his professional obligations. A patient should also confide the care of himself and family, as much as possible, to

one physician; for a medical man who has become acquainted with the peculiarities of constitution, habits, and predispositions of those he attends, is more likely to be successful in his treatment than one who does not possess that knowledge. A patient who has thus selected his physician, should always apply for advice in what may appear to him trivial cases, for the most fatal results often supervene on the slightest accidents. It is of still more importance that he should apply for assistance in the forming stage of violent diseases; it is to a neglect of this precept that medicine owes much of the uncertainty and imperfection with which it has been reproached.

§ 4. Patients should faithfully and unreservedly communicate to their physician the supposed cause of their disease. This is the more important, as many diseases of mental origin simulate those depending on external causes, and yet are only to be cured by ministering to the mind diseased. A patient should never be afraid of thus making his physician, his friend and adviser; he should always bear in mind that a medical man is under the strongest obligations of secrecy. Even the female sex should never allow feelings of shame or delicacy to prevent their disclosing the seat, symptoms, and causes of complaints peculiar to them. However commendable a modest reserve may be in the common occurrences of life, its strict observance in medicine is often attended with the most serious consequences, and a patient may sink under a painful and loathsome disease, which might have been readily prevented had timely intimation been given to the physician.

§ 5. A patient should never weary his physician with a tedious detail of events or matters not appertaining to

his disease. Even as relates to his actual symptoms, he will convey much more real information by giving clear answers to interrogatories, than by the most minute account of his own framing. Neither should he obtrude upon his physician the details of his business, nor the history of his family concerns.

§ 6. The obedience of a patient to the prescriptions of his physician should be prompt and implicit. He should never permit his own crude opinions as to their fitness, to influence his attention to them. A failure in one particular may render an otherwise judicious treatment dangerous, and even fatal. This remark is equally applicable to diet, drink, and exercise. As patients become convalescent, they are very apt to suppose that the rules prescribed for them may be disregarded, and the consequence, but too often, is a relapse. Patients should never allow themselves to be persuaded to take any medicine whatever, that may be recommended to them by the self-constituted doctors and doctresses, who are so frequently met with, and who pretend to possess infallible remedies for the cure of every disease. However simple some of their prescriptions may appear to be, it often happens that they are productive of much mischief, and in all cases they are injurious, by contravening the plan of treatment adopted by the physician.

§ 7. A patient should, if possible, avoid even the *friendly visits of a physician*, who is not attending him, and when he does receive them, he should never converse on the subject of his disease, as an observation may be made, without any intention of interference, which may destroy his confidence in the course he is pursuing, and induce him to neglect the directions pre-

scribed to him. A patient should never send for a consulting physician without the express consent of his own medical attendant. It is of great importance that physicians should act in concert; for, although their modes of treatment may be attended with equal success when employed singly, yet conjointly they are very likely to be productive of disastrous results.

§ 8. When a patient wishes to dismiss his physician, justice and common courtesy require that he should declare his reasons for so doing.

§ 9. Patients should always, when practicable, send for their physician in the morning, before his usual hour of getting out; for, by being early aware of the visits he has to pay during the day, the physician is able to apportion his time in such a manner as to prevent an interference of engagements. Patients should also avoid calling on their medical adviser unnecessarily during the hours devoted to meals or sleep. They should always be in readiness to receive the visits of their physician, as the detention of a few minutes is often of serious inconvenience to him.

§ 10. A patient should, after his recovery, entertain a just and enduring sense of the value of the services rendered him by his physician; for these are of such a character, that no mere pecuniary acknowledgment can repay or cancel them.

CHAPTER II.

OF THE DUTIES OF PHYSICIANS TO EACH OTHER, AND
TO THE PROFESSION AT LARGE.

ARTICLE I.—*Duties for the support of Professional Character.*

§ 1. Every individual, on entering the profession, as he becomes thereby entitled to all its privileges and immunities, incurs an obligation to exert his best abilities to maintain its dignity and honor, to exalt its standing, and to extend the bounds of its usefulness. He should, therefore, observe strictly such laws as are instituted for the government of its members; should avoid all contumelious and sarcastic remarks relative to the faculty as a body; and while, by unwearied diligence, he resorts to every honorable means of enriching the science, he should entertain a due respect for his seniors, who have brought it to the elevated condition in which he finds it.

§ 2. There is no profession from the members of which greater purity of character and a higher standard of moral excellence are required, than the medical; and to attain such eminence is a duty every physician owes alike to his profession and to his patients. It is due to the latter, as without it he cannot command their respect and confidence, and to both, because no scientific attainments can compensate for want of correct moral principles. It is also incumbent upon the faculty to be temperate in all things, for the practice of physic requires the unremitting exercise of a clear and vigorous understanding; and, on emergencies, for which no professional man should be unprepared, a steady hand, an

acute eye, and an unclouded head, may be essential to the well-being, and even to the life of a fellow creature.

§ 3. It is derogatory to the dignity of the profession to resort to public advertisements, or private cards, or hand-bills, inviting the attention of individuals affected with particular diseases; publicly offering advice and medicine to the poor, gratis, or promising radical cures, or to publish cases and operations in the daily prints, or suffer such publications to be made; to invite laymen to be present at operations, to boast of cures and remedies, to adduce certificates of skill and success, or to perform any other similar acts. These are the ordinary practices of empirics, and are highly reprehensible in a regular physician.

§ 4. Equally derogatory to professional character is it for a physician to hold a patent for any surgical instrument or medicine; or to dispense a secret *nostrum*, whether it be the composition or exclusive property of himself or others. For, if such *nostrum* be of real efficacy, any concealment regarding it is inconsistent with beneficence and professional liberality, and if mystery alone give it value and importance, such craft implies either disgraceful ignorance or fraudulent avarice. It is also reprehensible for physicians to give certificates attesting the efficacy of patent or secret medicines, or in any way to promote the use of them.

ART. II.—*Professional services of Physicians to each other.*

§ 1. All practitioners of medicine, their wives, and their children while under the paternal care, are entitled to the gratuitous services of any one or more of the

faculty residing near them, whose assistance may be desired. A physician afflicted with disease is usually an incompetent judge of his own case; and the natural anxiety and solicitude which he experiences at the sickness of a wife, a child, or any one who by the ties of consanguinity is rendered peculiarly dear to him, tend to obscure his judgment, and produce timidity and irresolution in his practice.

Under such circumstances medical men are peculiarly dependent upon each other, and kind offices and professional aid should always be cheerfully and gratuitously afforded. Visits ought not, however, to be obtruded officiously, as such unasked civility may give rise to embarrassment, or interfere with that choice on which confidence depends. But, if a distant member of the faculty, whose circumstances are affluent, request attendance, and an honorarium be offered, it should not be declined; for no pecuniary obligation ought to be imposed, which the party receiving it would wish not to incur.

ART. III. — *Of the duties of Physicians as respects vicarious offices.*

§ 1. The affairs of life, the pursuit of health, and the various accidents and contingencies to which a medical man is peculiarly exposed, sometimes require him temporarily to withdraw from his duties to his patients, and to request some of his professional brethren to officiate for him. Compliance with this request is an act of courtesy, which should always be performed with the utmost consideration for the interest and character of the family physician, and when exercised for a short period, all the

pecuniary obligations for such services should be awarded to him. But if a member of the profession neglect his business in quest of pleasure and amusement, he cannot be considered as entitled to the advantages of the frequent and long-continued exercise of this fraternal courtesy, without awarding to the physician who officiates, the fees arising from the discharge of his professional duties. In obstetrical and important surgical cases, which give rise to unusual fatigue, anxiety, and responsibility, it is just that the fees accruing therefrom should be awarded to the physician who officiates.

ART. IV. — *Of the duties of Physicians in regard to Consultations.*

§ 1. A regular medical education furnishes the only presumptive evidence of professional abilities and acquirements, and ought to be the only acknowledged right of an individual to the exercise and honors of his profession. Nevertheless, as in consultations the good of the patient is the sole object in view, and this is often dependent on personal confidence, no intelligent regular practitioner, who has a license to practise from some Medical Board of known and acknowledged respectability, recognized by this association, and who is in good moral and professional standing in the place where he resides, should be fastidiously excluded from fellowship, or his aid refused in consultation when it is requested by the patient. But no one can be considered as a regular practitioner, or a fit associate in consultation, whose practice is based on an exclusive dogma, to the rejection of the accumulated experience of the profession, and of

the aids actually furnished by anatomy, physiology, pathology, and organic chemistry.

§ 2. In consultations, no rivalry or jealousy should be indulged; candor, probity, and all due respect should be exercised towards the physician having charge of the case.

§ 3. In consultations, the attending physician should be the first to propose the necessary questions to the sick; after which the consulting physician should have the opportunity to make further inquiries of the patient as may be necessary to satisfy him of the true character of the case. Both physicians should then retire to a private place for deliberation, and the one first in attendance should communicate the directions agreed upon to the patient or his friends, as well as any opinions which it may be thought proper to express. But no statement or discussion of it should take place before the patient or his friends, except in the presence of all the faculty attending, and by their common consent; and no *opinions or prognostications* should be delivered, which are not the result of previous deliberation and concurrence.

§ 4. In consultations, the physician in attendance should deliver his opinion first; and when there are several consulting, they should deliver their opinions in the order in which they have been called in. No decision, however, should restrain the attending physician from making such variations in the mode of treatment as any subsequent unexpected change in the character of the case may demand. But such variations, and the reasons for it, ought to be carefully detailed at the next meeting in consultation. The same privilege belongs also to the consulting physician, if he is sent for in an emergency,

when the regular attendant is out of the way; and similar explanations must be made by him at the next consultation.

§ 5. The utmost punctuality should be observed in the visits of physicians when they are to hold consultation together; and this is generally practicable, for society has been considerate enough to allow the plea of a professional engagement to take precedence of all others, and to be an ample reason for the relinquishment of any present occupation. But, as professional engagements may sometimes interfere, and delay one of the parties, the physician who first arrives should wait for his associate a reasonable period, after which the consultation should be considered as postponed to a new appointment. If it be the attending physician who is present, he will of course see the patient and prescribe; but if it be the consulting one, he should retire, except in case of emergency, or when he has been called from a considerable distance; in which latter case he may examine the patient and give his opinion in *writing* and *under seal*, to be delivered to his associate.

§ 6. In consultations, theoretical discussions should be avoided, as occasioning perplexity and loss of time. For there may be much diversity of opinion concerning speculative points, with perfect agreement in those modes of practice which are founded, not on hypothesis, but on experience and observation.

§ 7. All discussions in consultations should be held as secret and confidential. Neither by words nor manner should any of the parties to a consultation assert or insinuate that any part of the treatment pursued did not receive his assent. The responsibility must be equally

divided between the medical attendants; they must equally share the credit of success as well as the blame of failure.

§ 8. Should any irreconcilable diversity of opinion occur when several physicians are called upon to consult together, the opinion of the majority should be considered as decisive; but if the numbers be equal on each side, then the decision should rest with the attending physician. It may, moreover, sometimes happen that two physicians cannot agree in their views of the nature of a case, and the treatment to be pursued. This is a circumstance much to be deplored, and should always be avoided, if possible, by mutual concessions, as far as they can be justified by a conscientious regard for the dictates of judgment. But in the event of its occurrence a third physician should, if practicable, be called to act as umpire; and if circumstances prevent the adoption of this course, it must be left to the patient to select the physician in whom he is most willing to confide. But as every physician relies upon the rectitude of his judgment, he should, when left in the minority, politely and consistently retire from any further deliberation in the consultation, or participation in the management of the case.

§ 9. As circumstances sometimes occur to render a SPECIAL CONSULTATION desirable, when the continued attendance of physicians might be objectionable to the patient, the member of the faculty whose assistance is required in such cases should sedulously guard against all further unsolicited attendance. As such consultations require an extraordinary portion both of time and attention, at least a double honorarium may be reasonably expected.

§ 10. A physician who is called upon to consult, should observe the most honorable and scrupulous regard for the character and standing of the practitioner in attendance. The practice of the latter, if necessary, should be justified, as far as it can be, consistently, with a conscientious regard for truth, and no hint or insinuation should be thrown out which could impair the confidence reposed in him, or affect his reputation. The consulting physician should also carefully refrain from any of those extraordinary attentions or assiduities which are too often practised by the dishonest for the base purpose of gaining applause, or ingratiating themselves into the favor of families and individuals.

ART. V.—*Duties of Physicians in cases of Interference.*

§ 1. Medicine is a liberal profession, and those admitted into its ranks should found their expectations of practice upon the extent of their qualifications, not on intrigue or artifice.

§ 2. A physician, in his intercourse with a patient under the care of another practitioner, should observe the strictest caution and reserve. No meddling inquiries should be made, no disingenuous hints given, relative to the nature and treatment of his disorder, nor any course of conduct pursued that may directly or indirectly tend to diminish the trust reposed in the physician employed.

§ 3. The same circumspection and reserve should be observed when, from motives of business or friendship, a physician is prompted to visit an individual who is under the direction of another practitioner. Indeed such visits should be avoided, except under peculiar circumstances; and when they are made, no particular inquiries

should be instituted relative to the nature of the disease, or the remedies employed, but the topics of conversation should be as foreign to the case as circumstances will admit.

§ 4. A physician ought not to take charge of, or prescribe for a patient who has recently been under the care of another member of the faculty in the same illness, except in cases of sudden emergency, or in consultation with the physician previously in attendance, or when the latter has relinquished the case, or been regularly notified that his services are no longer desired. Under such circumstances, no unjust and illiberal insinuations should be thrown out in relation to the conduct or practice previously pursued, which should be justified as far as candor and regard for truth and probity will admit; for it often happens that patients become dissatisfied when they do not experience immediate relief; and as many diseases are naturally protracted, the want of success in the first stage of treatment, affords no evidence of a lack of professional knowledge and skill.

§ 5. When a physician is called to an urgent case because the family attendant is not at hand, he ought, unless his assistance in consultation be desired, to resign the care of the patient to the latter, immediately on his arrival.

§ 6. It often happens in cases of sudden illness, or of recent accidents and injuries, owing to the alarm and anxiety of friends, that a number of physicians are simultaneously sent for. Under these circumstances, courtesy should assign the patient to the first who arrives, who would select from those present, any additional assistance that he may deem necessary. In all such cases,

however, the practitioner who officiates, should request the family physician, if there be one, to be called, and unless his further attendance be requested, should resign the case to the latter on his arrival.

§ 7. When a physician is called to the patient of another practitioner, in consequence of the sickness or absence of the latter, he ought, on the return or recovery of the regular attendant, and with the consent of the patient, to surrender the case.

[The expression, "patient of another practitioner," is understood to mean a patient who may have been under the charge of another practitioner at the time of the attack of sickness, or departure from home of the latter, or who may have called for his attendance during his absence or sickness, or in any other manner given it to be understood that he regarded the said physician as his regular medical attendant.]

§ 8. A physician when visiting a sick person in the country, may be desired to see a neighboring patient who is under the regular direction of another physician, in consequence of some sudden change or aggravation of symptoms. The conduct to be pursued on such an occasion is to give advice adapted to present circumstances; to interfere no further than is absolutely necessary with the general plan of treatment; to assume no future plan of treatment; to assume no future direction, unless it be expressly desired; and, in this last case, to request an immediate consultation with the practitioner previously employed.

§ 8. A wealthy physician should not give advice gratis to the affluent: because his doing so is an injury to his professional brethren. The office of a physician can never be supported as an exclusively beneficent one;

and it is defrauding, in some degree, the common funds for its support, when fees are dispensed with which might justly be claimed.

§ 10. When a physician who has been engaged to attend a case of midwifery is absent, and another is sent for, if delivery is accomplished during the attendance of the latter, he is entitled to the fee, but should resign his patient to the practitioner first engaged.

ART VI. — *Of differences between Physicians.*

§ 1. Diversity of opinion and opposition of interest may, in the medical as in other professions, sometimes occasion controversy and even contention. Whenever such cases unfortunately occur, and cannot be immediately terminated, they should be referred to the arbitration of a sufficient number of physicians, or a COURT-MEDICAL, or, where both parties are members of the Medical Society of their county, to the censors.

§ 2. As peculiar reserve must be maintained by physicians towards the public in regard to professional matters, and as there exist numerous points in medical ethics and etiquette, through which the feelings of medical men may be painfully assailed in their intercourse with each other, and which cannot be understood or appreciated by general society, neither the subject matter of such difference nor the adjudication of the arbitration should be made public, as publicity in a case of this nature may be personally injurious to the individual concerned, and can hardly fail to bring discredit on the faculty.

ART. VII. — *Of Pecuniary Acknowledgments.*

§ 1. Some general rules should be adopted by the faculty in every town or district, relative to *pecuniary*

acknowledgments from their patients; and it should be deemed a point of honor to adhere to these rules with as much uniformity as varying circumstances will admit.

CHAPTER III.

OF THE DUTIES OF THE PROFESSION TO THE PUBLIC,
AND OF THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE PUBLIC TO THE
PROFESSION.

ARTICLE I. — *Duties of the Profession to the Public.*

§ 1. As good citizens, it is the duty of physicians to be ever vigilant for the welfare of the community, and to bear their part in sustaining its institutions and burdens; they should also be ever ready to give counsel to the public in relation to matters especially appertaining to their profession, as on subjects of medical police, public hygiene, and legal medicine. It is their province to enlighten the public in regard to quarantine regulations, — the location, arrangement, and dietaries of hospitals, asylums, schools, prisons, and similar institutions, — in relation to the medical police of towns, as drainage, ventilation, etc., — and in regard to measures for the prevention of epidemic and contagious diseases; and when pestilence prevails, it is their duty to face the danger, and to continue their labors for the alleviation of the suffering, even at the jeopardy of their own lives.

§ 2. Medical men should also be always ready, when called on by the legally constituted authorities, to enlighten coroners' inquests, and courts of justice, on

subjects strictly medical, — such as involve questions relating to sanity, legitimacy, murder by poisons or other violent means, and in regard to the various other subjects embraced in the science of medical jurisprudence. But in these cases, and especially where they are required to make a post-mortem examination, it is just, in consequence of the time, labor, and skill required, and the responsibility, and risk they incur, that the public should award them a proper honorarium.

§3. There is no profession, by the members of which eleemosynary services are more liberally dispensed than the medical, but justice requires that some limits should be placed to the performance of such good offices. Poverty, professional brotherhood, and certain of the public duties referred to in the first section of this chapter, should always be recognized as presenting valid claims for gratuitous services; but neither institutions endowed by the public or by rich individuals, societies for mutual benefit, for the insurance of lives or for analogous purposes, nor any profession or occupation, can be admitted to possess such privilege. Nor can it be justly expected of physicians to furnish certificates of inability to serve on juries, to perform militia duty, or to testify to the state of health of persons wishing to insure their lives, obtain pensions, or the like, without a pecuniary acknowledgment. But to individuals in indigent circumstances, such professional services should always be cheerfully and freely accorded.

§ 4. It is the duty of physicians, who are frequent witnesses of the enormities committed by quackery, and the injury to health and even destruction of life caused by the use of quack medicines, to enlighten the public

on these subjects, to expose the injuries sustained by the unwary from the devices and pretensions of artful empirics and impostors. Physicians ought to use all the influence which they may possess, as professors in colleges of Pharmacy, and by exercising their option in regard to the shops to which their prescriptions shall be sent, to discourage druggists and apothecaries from vending quack or secret medicines, or from being in any way engaged in their manufacture and sale.

ART. II. — *Obligations of the Public to Physicians.*

§ 1. The benefits accruing to the public, directly and indirectly, are so active and important, that physicians are justly entitled to the utmost consideration and respect from the community. The public ought likewise to entertain a just appreciation of medical qualifications; to make a proper discrimination between true science and the assumptions of ignorance and empiricism; to afford every encouragement and facility for the acquisition of medical education, and no longer to allow the statute books to exhibit the anomaly of exacting knowledge from physicians, under liability to heavy penalties, and of making them obnoxious to punishment for resorting to the only means of obtaining it.

Massachusetts Medical Society.

The Massachusetts Medical Society was established in 1781, with power to elect officers, examine and license candidates for practice, hold estate, and perpetuate its existence as a body corporate forever. Edward A. Holy-

oke, M. D., of Salem, was the first president. In 1790, its first publication was issued; the second appeared in 1806, and the third in 1808.

The next annual meeting will be held in this city, on the first Wednesday in June. The annual assessment was increased, to take effect after the beginning of 1867, to five dollars; and the cost of diplomas from one to five dollars. The receipts for 1865 have been \$6,098.97; expenditure \$4,252.21; balance on hand, \$1,846.76, of which \$867.42 is available for the general purposes of the Society. The property of the Society amounts to \$30,420.17.

The present membership is 1158, of which number 243 reside in Boston.

Officers Elected, 1866.

Henry C. Perkins, M. D., Newburyport, *President*.
 Foster Hooper, M. D., Fall River, *Vice President*.
 Charles D. Homans, M. D., Boston, *Corresponding Sec'y*.
 David W. Cheever, M. D., Boston, *Recording Sec'y*.
 Francis Minot, M. D., Boston, *Treasurer*.
 James C. White, M. D., Boston, *Librarian*.
 Horace P. Wakefield, M. D., S. Reading, *Orator*.
 Henry W. Williams, M. D., Boston, *Anniversary Chair'n*.

COMMITTEE ON PUBLICATIONS.

G. C. Shattuck, M. D.	.	.	.	Boston.
B. E. Cotting, M. D.	.	.	.	Roxbury.
F. Minot, M. D.	.	.	.	Boston.

COMMITTEE OF FINANCE.

John Homans, M. D.	.	.	.	Boston.
Silas Durkee, M. D.	.	.	.	Boston.
P. M. Crane, M. D.	.	.	.	East Boston.

COMMITTEE ON MEMBERSHIP AND RESIGNATION.

J. Ayer, M. D.	.	.	.	.	.	Boston.
F. Minot, M. D.	.	.	.	.	.	Boston.
C. Ellis, M. D.	.	.	.	.	.	Boston.

AUDITING COMMITTEE.

E. Palmer, M. D.	.	.	.	.	Boston.
C. E. Ware, M. D.	.	.	.	.	Boston.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

C. D. Homans, M. D.	Boston.
R. M. Hodges, M. D.	.	.	.	.	Boston.
J. N. Borland, M. D.	.	.	.	.	Boston.
A. P. Hooker, M. D.	.	.	.	.	Boston.
A. Coolidge, M. D.	.	.	.	.	Boston.

COMMITTEE ON PRIZE.

A prize of one hundred dollars is offered for the best dissertation on "Expectant Medicine; the extent to which it is practised at the present day, and the mode in which it is counterfeited."

H. C. Perkins, M. D.	.	.	Newburyport.
H. J. Bigelow, M. D.	.	.	Boston.
S. L. Abbot, M. D.	.	.	Boston.
Calvin Ellis, M. D.	.	.	Boston.
D. W. Cheever, M. D.	.	.	Boston.

LIST OF DECEASED FELLOWS DURING 1865.

Name.	Residence.	Date of decease.	Age.
Bomer, J. E.	Ipswich,		45.
Brown, J. H.	West Newton,	March 19,	52.
Chamberlain, Levi,	New Salem.		

Name.	Residence.	Date of decease.	Age.
Coale, Wm. E.	Boston	April 24,	49.
Gay G. W.	Bath, Me.	Jan. 2.	
Harris, L. M.	Jamaica Plain,	Jan. 28,	78.
Hinckley, J. W.	East Boston,	March 28,	44.
Keenan, Thomas,	S. Lynnfield,	Jan. 17,	61.
Kendall, P. T.	Clinton,	Jan. 11.	72.
Mott, Valentine,	New York,	April 26,	80.
Phipps, J. M.	Boston,	Feb. 15,	47.
Porter, John,	Duxbury,	March 23,	72.
Renton, Peter,	Boston,	Feb. 10,	64.
Walker, Wm. J.	Boston,	April 2,	74.
Spaulding, M.	Amherst, N. H.	May,	92.

Suffolk District Medical Society.

ORGANIZED SEPTEMBER, 1849.

The Society consists of fellows of the Massachusetts Medical Society, residing in Boston and Chelsea.

Annual assessment \$5.00. Diploma (optional), \$5.00. Stated meetings the first Wednesday in April, which is also the annual meeting, — and the third Wednesday in September.

Officers for 1866-7.

H. I. Bowditch, M. D.,	. . .	<i>President.</i>
James Ayer, M. D.,	. . . . .	<i>Vice President.</i>
Chas. W. Swan, M. D.,	. . .	<i>Secretary.</i>
J. N. Borland, M. D.,	. . . . .	<i>Treasurer.</i>
Calvin Ellis, M. D.,	. . . . .	<i>Librarian.</i>
George H. Gay, M. D.,	. . .	} <i>Supervisors.</i>
Francis H. Gray, M. D.,	. . .	
Silas Durkee, M. D.,	. . . . .	<i>Com. on Trials.</i>

CENSORS.

James C. White, M. D.	J. P. Reynolds, M. D.
B. Joy Jeffries, M. D.	D. W. Cheever, M. D.
H. F. Damon, M. D.	

COMMITTEE ON SOCIAL MEETINGS.

James Ayer, M. D.	Charles D. Homans, M. D.
H. I. Bowditch, M. D.	C. G. Page, M. D.
Calvin Stevens, M. D.	

COUNCILLORS.

Abbot, S. L.	Homans, C. D.
Ayer, James	Homans, John
Bigelow, Jacob	Jeffries, John
Bigelow, H. J.	Jackson, J. B. S.
Bowditch, H. I.	Minot, Francis
Brown, B.	Morland, W. W.
Buckingham, C. E.	Morrill, Samuel
Cabot, Samuel	Palmer, Ezra
Clark, H. G.	Putnam, C. G.
Crane, P. M., <i>East Boston.</i>	Shattuck, G. C.
Ellis, Calvin	Storer, D. H.
Flint, John	Upham, J. B.
Forsyth, James B., <i>Chelsea.</i>	Ware, Charles E.
Gay, George H.	Warren, J. Mason
Gould, A. A.	Watson, A. A.
Hall, A. B.	Wheeler, W. G., <i>Chelsea.</i>
Hayward, George	Williams, H. W.

Boston Medical Association.

No. 12 Temple Place.

ORGANIZED 1806.

Stated meetings are held on the first Monday in May, annually.

ORIGINAL MEMBERS.

Lloyd, James	Danforth, Thomas
Danforth, Samuel	Bullard, Asa
Rand, Isaac	Coffin, John G.
Jeffries, John	Gates, Jacob
Jarvis, Charles	Dixwell, John
Hayward, Lemuel	Jackson, James
Townsend, David	Shurtleff, Benjamin
Kast, Thomas	Howard, John C.
Warren, John	Warren, John C.
Welsh, Thomas	Perkins, Cyrus
Dexter, Aaron	Bean, Horace
Spooner, William	Gamage, William
Fleet, John Jr.	Randall, John
Rand, Isaac Jr.	Gorham, John
Ingalls, William	Parker, T. I.

SECRETARIES FROM ITS ORGANIZATION.

	Elected.	Resigned.
Fleet, John J.	1806	1807
Gorham, John	1807	1811
Bates, George	1811	1813
Brown, John B.	1813	1815
Hayward, George	1815	1818

	Elected.	Resigned.
Cushing, E. D.	1818.	1819.
Ware, John	1819.	1825.
Spooner, J. P.	1825.	1827.
Stevenson, J. G.	1827.	1829.
Lewis, Winslow Jr.	1829.	1831.
M'Kean, Joseph	1831.	1833.
Gay, Martin	1833.	1835.
Storer, D. H.	1835.	1837.
Higginson, F. J.	1837.	1837.
Bowditch, H. I.	1837.	1838.
Jackson, J. B. S.	1838.	1842.
Thomas, A.	1842.	1843.
Bethune, George A.	1843.	1845.
Ware, Charles E.	1845.	1846.
Parkman, Samuel	1846.	1848.
Dale, William J.	1848.	1849.
Blake, E. W.	1849.	1852.
Minot, Francis	1852.	1857.
Alley, John B.	1857.	1862.
Homans, Charles D.	1862.	

RESIDENT MEMBERS ARRANGED IN THE ORDER OF
THEIR ELECTION.

Jackson, James	1806.	Otis, George W. jr.,	1823.
Channing, Walter	1810.	Adams, Edwin	"
Bigelow, Jacob	"	Morrill, Samuel	1824.
Townsend, S. D.	1816.	Lewis, Winslow	"
Reynolds, E.	1818.	Wilson, James	1825.
Jeffries, John	1819.	Storer, D. H.	"
Russell, George	1820.	Flint, John	1826.
Smith, J. V. C.	1823.	Keep, N. C.	1827.

Sumner, F. A.	1827.	Richardson, A. P.	1840.
Prescott, B. T.	1828.	Martin, H. J.	"
Coit, D. T.	1829.	Crane, P. M.	"
Jackson, J. B. S.	"	Dale, W. J.	"
Homans, John .	"	Tower, George	1841.
Dyer, Henry	"	Abbott, S. L.	"
Gould, A. A.	1830.	Durkee, Silas	"
Watson, A. A.	"	Mifflin, Charles	1842.
Bartlett, Geo.		Heaton, George	"
Palmer, Ezra, Jr.	1831.	Cummings, J. A.	"
Sargent, Howard,	1832.	Mignault, L. M. I.	"
Ward, H. A.	1833.	Hayward, George	1843.
Putnam, C. G.	"	Morland, William W.	"
Shurtleff, N. B.	1834.	Palmer, E. D. G.	"
Gray, F. H.	"	Thomson, G. N.	"
Bowditch, H. I.	"	Renton, Peter	"
Clark, H. G.	1835.	Cabot, S.	"
Warren, J. Mason,	"	Codman, W. W.	"
Shattuck, G. C.	"	Weld, M. W.	"
Alexander, Andrew,	"	Greene, M. C.	"
Hooper, R. W.	1836.	Bigelow, H. J.	"
Warren, John W.	"	Jones, J. S.	"
Warren, J. Whitney	"	Phelps, C. A.	"
Salter, R. H.	"	Russell, Le B.	"
Clark, Luther,	"	Buckingham, C. E.	"
Dix, John H.	"	Tucker, E. G.	"
Bethune, G. A.	"	Brown, B.	1844.
Gordon, Charles	"	Townsend, W. E.	"
Hubbard, George	1837.	Derby, George	"
Ware, Charles E.	"	Phipps, J. M.	"
Dupree, Horace	"	Stevens, Calvin	"
Tucker, Joshua	1838.	Thayer, David	1845:
Ball, Stephen	1840.	Stacy, Horace	"

Kneeland, S. Jr.,	1845.	Sharp, J. C.	1852.
Oliver, F. E.	"	Shaw, B. S.	"
Lyman, G. H.	"	Ellis, Calvin,	"
Ayer, James	"	Hodges, R. M.	1853.
Newell, R. W.	"	Sprague, S. L.	"
White, R.	"	Homans, Chas. D.	"
Folts, D. V.	1846.	Gay, George H.	"
Jones, G. S.	"	Thaxter, D. McB.	"
Ainsworth, F. S.	"	Thorndike, W. H.	"
Tobie, I. W.	"	Borland, J. N.	"
Hinckley, J. W.	"	Storer, H. R.	"
Clarke, E. H.	"	Page, W. H.	"
Harlow, J. F.	1847.	Coolidge, A.	"
Minot, Francis	"	Reynolds, J. P.	1854.
Slade, D. D.	"	Fabyan, Geo.	"
Moore, E. B.	"	DeGrasse, J. I.	"
Hyndman, J.	1848.	Page, C. G.	1855.
Lee, H. S.	"	Hall, A. B.	"
Coffin, W. S.	"	Richardson, H.	"
Read, William	"	Hill, J. B.	"
Parks, L. Jr.,	"	Adams, Z. B.	"
Upham, J. B.	"	Weeks, C. M.	"
Williams, H. W.	1849	Osgood, Wm.	1857.
Willard, F. A.	"	Sargent, L. M.	"
Patch, F. F.	1850.	Oliver, H. K.	1858.
Bigelow, G. F.	1852.	Green, S. A.	"
Williams, J. L.	"	Campbell, Benj.	"
Parcher, S. F.	"	Hyde, G. S.	"
Harlow, E. A. W.	"	Rolfe, E. C.	"
Eastman, E. T.	"	White, J. C.	"
Curtis, Josiah	"	Lamson, J. A.	"
Greer, Robert	"	Sinclair, A. D.	1859.

Garratt, A. C.	1859.	Ingalls, P. P.	1863.
Mighill, S.	"	Tourtelot, A. A.	"
Cheever, D. W.	"	Hurley, J. F.	"
Jarvis, J. F.	"	Johnson, W. O.	"
Cleveland, C. D.	"	Saville, H. M.	1864.
Stevens, N. C.	"	Warren, J. H.	"
Gould, J. F.	"	Treadwell, J. B.	"
Mansfield, J. R.	"	Carney, S. H.	"
Leonard, M. B.	1860.	Blake, J. G.	"
Jeffries, B. J.	"	Smythe, James.	"
Hay, G.	"	Shaw, H. L.	"
Both, Carl,	"	Brown, F. H.	"
Stearns, J.	"	Provan, R.	1865.
Crehore, C. F.	"	Spring, C. H.	"
Moore, I. L.	"	McDonald J.	"
Green, John,	1861.	Sheldon, L. R.	"
Rice, Wm. E.	"	Willard, R.	"
Cushing, J. W.	"	Swan, C. W.	"
Drummond, T. M.	1862.	Webber, S. G.	"
Damon, H. F.	"	Ingalls, Wm.	"
Ordway, J. P.	"	Perkins, E. A.	1866.
Carpenter, M. S.	1863.	Munroe, W. F.	"
Bowles, S. W.	"	Wadsworth, O. F.	"
Skinner, E. M.	"	Ropes, F. C.	"
Flowers, W. C.	"	Ogden, W. M.	"
Warren, D. K.	"	Warren, J. C.	"
Street, C. C.	"	Inches, C. E.	"

EXTRACT FROM RULES AND REGULATIONS.

XVI. "The regulations of the Association shall be offered for subscription to all candidates for medical practice in this city, with whom the Fellows of the Massa-

chusetts Medical Society may lawfully hold consultation; and the Secretary shall be charged with the execution of this regulation, with which he shall comply in every instance, so soon as he shall learn that any candidate of the above description may have established himself in this city; or, in case the Secretary has doubts, in any instance, respecting the propriety of offering the articles to any candidate above described, he shall call on the Standing Committee for advice and direction; and, in case any person to whom he offers the regulations shall refuse or neglect to sign the same, the Secretary shall make known such refusal or neglect to the Standing Committee."

XVII. "Every candidate, at the time of becoming a member of the Association, shall sign the following obligation, which shall be in a book deposited with the Secretary" : —

"The undersigned approve of the Regulations of the Boston Medical Association, and agree upon their honor to comply with the same."

Boston Society for Medical Improvement.

No. 12 Temple Place.

INCORPORATED 1839.

The objects of this Society are the cultivation of confidence and good feeling between members of the profession; the eliciting and imparting of information upon the different branches of Medical Science; and the

establishment of a Museum and Library of Pathological Anatomy.

All regular practitioners in the city of Boston, who have been in actual practice there for two years are eligible as members.

Meetings are held on the second and fourth Mondays of each month. Annual Meeting second Monday in January.

Officers for 1866.

Charles D. Homans, M. D.	. . .	<i>Sec'y and Treas'r.</i>
J. B. S. Jackson, M. D.	. . .	<i>Cabinet Keeper.</i>
H. K. Oliver, Jr., M. D.	. . .	<i>Librarian.</i>
D. H. Storer, M. D.	}	. . . <i>Prudential Committee.</i>
A. A. Gould, M. D.		
C. E. Ware, M. D.		
J. M. Warren, M. D.		

MEMBERS.

Abbott, Samuel L.	Bowditch, Henry I.
Adams, Z. B.	Brown, Buckminster
Ayer, James	Cabot, Samuel Jr.
Ainsworth, F. S.	Cheever, D. W.
Alley, John B.	Coale, William E.
Bacon, John Jr.	Coolidge, Algernon
Blake, E. W.	Channing, Walter
Blake, J. G.	Clark, Henry G.
Bigelow, Jacob	Derby, George
Bigelow, Henry J.	Durkee, Silas
Bethune, George A.	Dale, William J.
Borland, J. Nelson	Damon, H. F.

Dean, John	Page, Calvin G.
Derby, Hasket	Perry, Marshall S.
Ellis, Calvin	Putnam, Charles G.
Gay, George H.	Palmer, E. D. G.
Gray, Francis H.	Read, William
Gordon, Charles	Reynolds, Edward
Gould, A. A.	Reynolds, John P.
Gregerson, James B.	Russell, Le Baron
Green, S. A.	Shaw, Benjamin S.
Hayward, George	Shattuck, George, C. Jr.
Holmes, O. W.	Slade, Daniel D.
Homans, Charles D.	Shurtleff, N. B.
Homans, John	Sprague, S. L.
Hodges, Richard M.	Stedman, Charles H.
Hooper, R. W.	Sinclair, A. D.
Herrick, J. Everett,	Stone, Henry O.
Hay, Gustavus	Storer, D. H.
Inches, H. B.	Salter, R. H.
Jackson, John B. S.	Strong, W.
Kneeland, Samuel Jr.,	Sprague, F. P.
Lyman, George H.	Thorndike, William H.
Minot, Francis	Townsend, S. D.
Morland, William W.	Townsend, W. E.
Oliver, Fytche E.	Upham, J. B.
Oliver, H. K.	Ware, John
Palmer, Ezra Jr.	Ware, Charles E.
Parkman Samuel	White, J. C.
Parks, Luther Jr.,	Warren, J. Mason
Williams, H. W.	

Boston Society for Medical Observation.

No. 12, Temple Place.

ORGANIZED 1846.

Francis H. Brown, M. D.	.	.	.	<i>Secretary.</i>
James C. White, M. D.	.	.	.	<i>Treasurer.</i>
S. H. Carney, M. D.	}	.	.	<i>Librarians.</i>
B. Joy Jeffries, M. D.	}	.	.	

MEMBERS.

Adams, Z. B.	Homans, C. D.
Bacon, John	Hart, John
Blake, J. E.	Hoskins, T. H.
Bowditch, H. I.	Ingalls, Wm.
Bowles, S. W.	Jeffries, B. Joy
Brown, F. H.	Langmaid, S. W.
Buckingham, C. E.	Lombard, J. S.
Cabot, S.	Mackie, Wm. B.
Carney, S. H.	Minot, Francis
Cheever, D. W.	O'Connell, P. A.
Coolidge, Algernon	Oliver, Henry K.
Clarke, E. H.	Osgood, Wm.
Crehore, Chas. F.	Page, Calvin G.
Curtis, Hall	Parks, Luther
Damon, H. F.	Putnam, C. G.
Derby, Hasket	Read, Wm.
Ellis, Calvin	Reynolds, J. P.
Green, John	Ropes, F. C.
Hay, Gustavus	Shaw, Henry L.
Hayward, J. Mc.	Shattuck, G. C.

Sinclair, A. D.	Treadwell, J. B.
Sprague, F. P.	Wadsworth, O. F.
Stearns, John	Webber, S. G.
Stickney, J. H.	Willard, Robt.
Swan, Chas. W.	Williams, H. W.

Boston Obstetrical Society.

Annual meeting, first Saturday in January.

The Society holds its meetings on the first Saturday of each month, at member's houses.

Chas. G. Putnam, M. D.	<i>President.</i>
A. Hooker, M. D., East Cambridge,	} <i>Vice Pres'ts.</i>
W. W. Wellington, M. D., Cambridgeport,	
Chas. D. Homans, M. D.,	<i>Treasurer.</i>
W. Read, M. D.	<i>Recording Sec'y.</i>
B. E. Cotting, M. D., Roxbury	<i>Corresponding Sec'y.</i>
J. P. Reynolds, M. D.	} <i>Prudential Committee</i>
A. D. Sinclair, M. D.	
James Ayer, M. D.	
B. Joy Jeffries.	

MEMBERS.

Adams, L. B.	Lyman, Geo. H.
Abbott, S. L.	Minot, Francis
Buckingham, C. E.	Oliver, F. E.
Channing, Walter	Page, C. G.
Crane, P. M.	Palmer, E. D. G.
Dupee, Horace	Parker, Luther
Damon, H. F.	Storer, D. H.
	Shaw, H. L.

Boston Medical Society.

Of Harvard University.

FOUNDED, JAN. 6, 1811. INCORPORATED, JUNE 13, 1823.

Officers for 1865-6.

A. D. Sinclair, M. D.	.	.	.	.	<i>President.</i>
John C. Warren, M. D.	.	.	.	.	<i>Vice President.</i>
Wm. L. Richardson,	.	.	.	.	<i>Sec'y and Treasurer.</i>

TRUSTEES OF THE PRIZE FUND.

Samuel Cabot, Jr. M. D., *Treasurer.*

G. C. Shattuck, M. D.	|	H. W. Williams, M. D.
J. B. S. Jackson, M. D.	|	G. H. Gay, M. D.
A. A. Gould, M. D.	|	C. E. Ware, M. D.

COMMITTEE ON PRIZE DISSERTATIONS.

Richard M. Hodges, M. D., *Chairman.*

Francis Minot, M. D.	|	D. W. Cheever, M. D.
Calvin Ellis, M. D.	|	W. W. Morland, M. D.

MEMBERS.

Adams, J. F. A.	|	Brigham, E. H.
Amory, Robert	|	Cogswell, E. R.
Atherton, A. B.	|	Derby, R. H.
Beach, H. H. A.	|	Doe, O. W.
Boardman, W. E.	|	Dwight, T. Jr.
Bowditch, H. P.	|	Fitz, R. H.
Brewster, E. A. P.	|	Foster, E. J.

Franks, L. E.	Perkins, R. E.
French, J. D. W.	Pratt, Calvin
Goss, F. W.	Pratt, H. J.
Green, J. O.	Putnam, C. P.
Greenough, F. B.	Quincy, H. P.
Hale, J. L.	Richardson, W. L.
Hall, Thos. Jr.	Sturgis, F. R.
Hastings, W. H. H.	Swett, G. W.
James, Wm.	Townsend, H. E.
Jelly, G. F.	Tracy, W. C.
Knight, F. J.	Tucker, J. J. Jr.
Kemp, C. P.	Walker, A. C.
McDonald, W.	Ware, F.
Munde, P. F.	Warren, J. C.
Munroe, W. F.	Waterman, T. Jr.
Nichols, A. H.	Whipple, J.
	Wilder, B. G.

Massachusetts Medical Benevolent Society.

INSTITUTED 1857.

The aid of this Institution shall be granted for the relief of those only who are or have been members of this Society, and their families: and of other members of the medical profession who are or have been inhabitants of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, their widows and minor children.

No annuity is granted to any physician, or his widow, if they are under sixty years of age, except under peculiar circumstances.

No permanent grant is made to a disabled physician who has, if single, \$250 a year, or if married, \$300 a year to live upon.

Annual assessment, \$3. If any member shall pay \$25 in one sum, or for the term of twenty years shall have paid his annual assessments, he shall be regarded as a life member, and at his option shall be exempt from all subsequent assessments.

The donation of fifty dollars or more at one time, shall entitle the donor to be inscribed among the benefactors of the Society.

Meetings are held on the last Thursday in January, April, July, and October.

Annual meeting on the last Thursday in October.

Officers for 1866.

A. A. Gould, M. D.	. . . .	<i>President.</i>
H. W. Williams, M. D.	. . . .	<i>Vice President.</i>
A. D. Sinclair, M. D.	. . . .	<i>Secretary.</i>
Francis Minot, M. D.	. . . .	<i>Treasurer.</i>

TRUSTEES.

Luther Parks, Jr., M. D.	. . . .	Boston.
W. W. Wellington, M. D.	. . . .	Cambridgport.
S. Saulisbury, M. D.	. . . .	Brookline.
W. B. Morris, M. D.	. . . .	Charlestown.
C. E. Way, M. D.	. . . .	Boston.
C. G. Putnam, M. D.	. . . .	Boston.
Calvin Ellis, M. D.	. . . .	Boston.
John W. Graves, M. D.	. . . .	Chelsea.
Anson Hooker, M. D.	. . . .	E. Cambridge.

Medical Schools.

Harvard University Medical School.

North Grove Street.

Dr. Ezekiel Hersey, of Hingham, who died in 1770, bequeathed one thousand pounds, and his widow, at her decease, a like sum, to be applied to the support of a Professor of Anatomy and Surgery. His brother, Dr. Abner Hersey, of Barnstable, who died in 1786, and Dr. John Cuming of Concord, were also donors to the amount of five hundred pounds each for the same laudable purpose: and William Erving, Esq., of Boston, left one thousand pounds towards the support of an additional professor. In conformity with the views of the patrons and donors, professors of talents and character were in 1782 appointed, by whom lectures on the several branches were regularly delivered, and students received the honors of the institution. In 1780, Dr. John Warren, while Surgeon of a military hospital in Boston, commenced a course of Anatomical Lectures, and in the following year they were attended by the students of the University. Dr. Warren furnished a plan for a medical school which was adopted by the corporation of Harvard College, and he was appointed first Professor of Anatomy and Surgery; Dr. Benjamin Waterhouse, Professor of the Theory and Practice of Physic, and Dr. Aaron Dexter, Professor of Chemistry.

This was the first essay made in New England for the establishment of an Institution for Medical education. George Holmes Hall and John Fleet were the first who were admitted in course to the degree of Doctor in Medicine at the University, in the year 1788. From a spirit of envy and jealousy towards the Professors, great opposition was made to the degree being conferred upon the two candidates, and it was by the address and perseverance of Dr. Warren that the object was finally accomplished. In consequence of many inconveniences, both to professors and students, and of the superior advantages which might result from lectures delivered in a more populous situation, the Corporation and Board of Overseers of Harvard University deemed it expedient to establish a Medical School in the town of Boston. The several courses of lectures were accordingly transferred, and commenced in this city in December, 1810. The school is now under the charge of eleven professors and nine assistants.

The Winter Course of lectures begins on the first Wednesday in November, and continues seventeen weeks. Three other terms in the year afford opportunities to those who would pursue their course continuously in the school.

Access is afforded to lectures in Cambridge on Optics, Acoustics, Comparative Anatomy, Zoology, and Botany, and other subjects connected with Medicine and Surgery. A Clinical Conference is held every week, at which students are practised in observation, diagnosis, prognosis, and treatment, under the guidance of professors and hospital physicians and surgeons.

The fees are:—Matriculation, \$3; full Course of

Lectures, \$95; Demonstrator's Ticket, \$5; Graduation, \$20.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE.

Thomas Hill, D. D., *President.*

D. Humphreys Storer, M. D., *Professor of Obstetrics and Medical Jurisprudence.*

John B. S. Jackson, M. D., *Shattuck Professor of Morbid Anatomy, and Curator of the Anatomical Museum.*

Henry I. Bowditch, M. D., *Jackson Professor of Clinical Medicine.*

Oliver W. Holmes, M. D., *Parkman Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.*

George C. Shattuck, M. D., *Hersey Professor of the Theory and Practice of Physic.*

Jeffries Wyman, M. D., *Professor of Comparative Anatomy.*

John Bacon, M. D., *University Professor of Chemistry.*

Henry J. Bigelow, M. D., *Professor of Surgery.*

Charles E. Buckingham, M. D., *Adjunct Professor of the Theory and Practice of Physic.*

Edward H. Clark, M. D., *Professor of Materia Medica.*

Calvin Ellis, M. D., *Adjunct Professor of Clinical Medicine.*

David W. Cheever, M. D., *Demonstrator of Anatomy.*

John E. Tyler, M. D., *Assistant in Theory and Practice.*

Samuel L. Abbot, M. D., *Assistant in Clinical Medicine.*

Fitch E. Oliver, M. D., *Assistant in Materia Medica.*

Francis Minot, M. D., *Assistant in Theory and Practice.*

Richard M. Hodges, M. D., *Assistant in Surgery.*

Horatio R. Storer, M. D., *Assistant in Obstetrics.*

J. Nelson Borland, M. D., *Assistant in Clinical Medicine.*
 James C. White, M. D., *Assistant in Chemistry.*

The Spring, Summer, and Fall Terms consist in recitations and Clinical instruction at the hospital. The Spring Term continues from March 12 to June 11; the Summer Term from June 11 to July 14; and the Autumn Term from September 13 to November 4. Fee for the three terms, \$ 100.

NAMES OF GRADUATES OF 1866:

Adams, James F. A.	. . .	Boston.
Ahearne, Cornelius A.	. . .	Boston.
Allen, George O.	. . .	East Jaffrey, N. H.
Appell, Jacob F.	. . .	Needham.
Atherton, Alfred B.	. . .	Frederickton, N. B.
Barber, Rio Delos	. . .	Little Genesee, N. Y.
Birch, James G	. . .	Newburgh, N. Y.
Braman, Chandler B.	A. B.	Brighton.
Breck, Theodore F.	. . .	Springfield.
Bunting, Joseph L.	. . .	St. John, N. B.
Butler, Winthrop	. . .	Tisbury.
Calder, James S.	. . .	Pictou, N. S.
Campbell, Merritt B.	. . .	Rutland, Vt.
Chamberlain, Nathan S.	. . .	East Stoughton.
Chase, Willard D.	. . .	Claremont, N. H.
Coleman, Cornelius F.	. . .	Greenfield.
Cushing, Stephen	. . .	Boston.
Damon, Orison B.	. . .	Rutland, Ill.
DeWolf, James E.	. . .	Danvers.
Dryer, Robert S.	. . .	Utica, N. Y.
Eddy, George S.	. . .	Fall River.
Fixott, Henry J.	. . .	Arichat, C. B.

Francois, Edward A. L.	.	Charlestown.
Franks, Louis E.	.	Needham.
Fullerton, Thomas R.	.	Pictou, N. S.
Gardner, Clarence T.	.	Pawtucket, R. I.
Garland, Albert S. A. B.	.	Gloucester.
Gerould, Martin L.	.	Stoddard, N. H.
Green, John O. A. B.	.	Lowell.
Hall, Thomas, Jr.	.	Boston.
Harris, Edward M.	.	E. Putnam, Ct.
Harvey, Edwin B. A. M.	.	Boston.
Heath, Sylvanus	.	Franklin, N. H.
Hobart, Matthew T. A. B.	.	Coburg, C. W.
Huse, Ralph C. Jr.	.	Newburyport.
Ingalls, Richard M.	.	Boston.
Jamison, Geo. A.	.	Tangier, N. S.
Johnson, Otis H. A. B.	.	Haverhill.
Lyman, John P.	.	Chelsea.
McDonald, James, A.	.	Charlottetown, P. E. I.
McKeagney, Robert W.	.	Sidney. C. B.
Mercer, Wm. M.	.	Lawrence.
Milliken, Chas. J.	.	Cherryfield, Me.
Morgan, Edwin J.	.	Plymouth N. H.
Munroe, Geo.	.	
Munroe, Wm. F.	.	Bradford.
Munde, Paul F.	.	Northampton.
Munn, Curtis E.	.	Westfield.
Ogden, Wm. M.	.	Boston.
Oleson, Chas. W.	.	Portland, Me.
Osgood, Geo. C.	.	Charlestown.
Packard, Chas. K.	.	Portland, Me.
Parke, John G.	.	
Payne, Frederick W.	.	Bath, Me.

Parker, Scollay	. . .	Boston.
Perkins, Robert E.	. . .	Concord, N. H.
Richards, Wm. H.	. . .	Chatham.
Rice, Chas. H.	. . .	Ashby.
Robinson, Chas. B.	. . .	Newport, Me.
Shattuck, Henry P.	. . .	Buffalo, N. Y.
Spaulding, Ebenezer F.	. . .	Janesville, Wis.
Stanton, Nathaniel G.	. . .	Providence, R. I.
Stuart, Geo. A.	. . .	Boston.
Sturtevant, Edward L.	A. B.	Boston.
Talbot, Chas. C.	. . .	Newburyport.
Tracy, Wm. C.	. . .	Cambridge.
Walker, Augustus C.	. . .	Roxbury.
Wilder, Burt G.	B. S. . .	Boston.
Williams, James L.	. . .	Boston.
Wilmarth, Jerome	. . .	Milford.

STATUTE REGULATIONS RELATIVE TO MEDICAL DEGREES.

The FACULTY OF MEDICINE of this University, shall consist of the President, and of the Professors and Lecturers authorized to give instruction to the Medical Students. This Faculty shall always have a Dean, elected by themselves, for such periods as they may think proper; and may also adopt rules for their own government, provided that the same do not in any respect contravene the laws of the University.

Students of Medicine designing to attend the Medical Lectures, or any of them, shall be matriculated in this University by entering their names with the Dean of the Faculty of Medicine, to be enrolled by him, and by signing an obligation to submit to the laws of the Uni-

versity, and to the direction of the Faculty of Medicine. There shall be holden by the Faculty two meetings in each year for the purpose of examining candidates for the degree of Doctor in Medicine. These shall be holden in the Massachusetts Medical College, unless otherwise specially ordered. They may be continued by adjournment, by vote of the members present, and if only one member attend at the time and place designated, he may adjourn the meeting from day to day till three members of the Faculty may attend the meeting. Three members of the Faculty must be present at every examination.

The first meeting for examination shall be held on the day next succeeding that on which the Winter Courses end: the second, on the Monday next but one preceding the Commencement in July. In extraordinary cases, the Faculty may hold meetings for examination at other times.

Every candidate for the degree of Doctor in Medicine must comply with the following conditions before being admitted to examination.

1. He shall satisfy the Faculty that he has arrived at the age of twenty-one.

2. He shall have attended two courses of Lectures delivered at the Massachusetts Medical College, by each of the Professors; except that if he have attended a course of similar lectures in any other college or university, the same may take the place of one of the above courses.

3. He shall have employed three years in his professional studies under the direction of a regular practitioner of medicine.

4. If he has not received a university education, he shall satisfy the Faculty of Medicine in respect to his

knowledge of the Latin language and Experimental Philosophy.

5. He shall, four weeks previous to the day on which he presents himself for examination, have given notice of his intention to the Dean of the Faculty, and at the same time shall have delivered or transmitted to the Dean a dissertation, written by himself, on some subject connected with medicine.

Every dissertation shall be submitted by the Dean to the examination of the Faculty, in the mode which they shall point out.

At the meetings for examination, the Faculty shall examine all the candidates who shall present themselves, after having complied with the conditions enumerated in these statutes, upon the following branches of Medical Science, namely: Anatomy, Physiology, Chemistry, Materia Medica, Pharmacy, Morbid Anatomy, Midwifery, Surgery, Clinical Medicine, and the Theory and Practice of Medicine. The decision in respect to each candidate shall be determined by the vote of the major part of the members of the Faculty, present at the examination of the same; and this decision, if favorable to the candidate, shall be recorded by the Dean. In the decisions to be made at these meetings, regard shall be had to the dissertation as well as to the examination.

At the close of the examination the Faculty shall decide in respect to each candidate, whether he shall be recommended as worthy of the degree for which he has applied. The decision of the Faculty in respect to all these candidates whom they so recommend, shall be recorded by the Dean, and shall by him be certified to the President, to be laid before the Corporation and Overseers.

Those candidates who have at the spring examination, received from the Corporation and Overseers the final approbation, shall be admitted to the degree of Doctor in Medicine by the President of the University, at a public Commencement holden on the Wednesday next succeeding the day of the examination, on which occasion an Address shall be delivered by some one selected for this purpose by the Medical Faculty. Those who may be approved at the summer examination, will receive their degrees and diplomas in Cambridge, on Commencement Day.

Public invitation to attend the ceremony at the Commencement immediately following the Lectures, shall be given by the Dean of the Medical Faculty, to the Fellows of the Massachusetts Medical Society, to all Medical Students, and to every person who may take an interest in Medical Science.

BOYLSTON PRIZE DISSERTATIONS.

AN ANNUAL PRIZE is assigned, from the foundation of Ward Nicholas Boylston, for the best Dissertation on a Medical Subject, proposed by a committee appointed by the President and Fellows of the University.

The Boylston Medical Committee, appointed by the President and Fellows of Harvard University, consists of the following Physicians:—

Edward Reynolds, M. D.	J. Mason Warren, M. D.
John Jeffries, M. D.	D. H. Storer, M. D.
S. D. Townsend, M. D.	Charles G. Putnam, M. D.
J. B. S. Jackson, M. D.	Morrill Wyman, M. D.
Henry J. Bigelow, M. D.	

At the Annual Meeting, held June 6th, the Premium was awarded to S. G. Webber, M. D., for the best Dissertation on Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis.

The following are the questions proposed for 1867:—

1. Pathology and Treatment of Diseases of the Skin.
2. Amputation, its varieties and occasional results, Gangrene and Necrosis.

Dissertations on these subjects must be transmitted, post-paid, to John Jeffries, M. D., on or before the first Wednesday in April, 1867.

The following questions are proposed for 1868:—

1. The physical and mental influences of the United States and Canada upon immigrant European races.
2. Question of the contagiousness of Asiatic Cholera in the United States.

The author of the best Dissertation, on either of the subjects proposed for 1867, will be entitled to a premium of ninety dollars or a gold medal of that value.

The author of the best Dissertation, on either of the subjects proposed for 1868, will be entitled to a premium of one hundred dollars, or a gold medal.

Each Dissertation must be accompanied by a sealed packet, on which shall be written some device or sentence, and within which shall be enclosed the author's name and residence. The same device or sentence is to be written on the Dissertation to which the packet is attached.

The writer of each Dissertation is expected to transmit his communication to the President, John Jeffries, M. D., in a legible handwriting, within the time specified.

All unsuccessful Dissertations are deposited with the Secretary, from whom they may be obtained, with the

sealed packet unopened, if called for within one year after they have been received.

By an order adopted in 1826, the Secretary was directed to publish annually the following votes: —

1st. That this Board do not consider themselves as approving the doctrines contained in any of the Dissertations to which premiums may be adjudged.

2d. That in case of publication of a successful Dissertation, the author to be considered as bound to print the above vote in connection therewith.

J. MASON WARREN, *Secretary.*

New England Female Medical College.

No. 30 Canton Street.

ORGANIZED IN 1848.

Incorporated in 1850 as the Female Medical Education Society. In 1856 the name was changed by Act of Legislature to the New England Female Medical College.

The Annual Term commences on the first Wednesday in November, and continues seventeen weeks.

Officers for 1866.

Hon. John Batchelder	.	.	.	.	<i>President.</i>
Samuel Gregory, M. D.	.	.	.	.	<i>Secretary.</i>
Curtis C. Nichols, Esq.,	.	.	.	.	<i>Treasurer.</i>

TRUSTEES.

William Cumston.	Rev. Jos. W. Parker, D. D.
Stephen G. Deblois.	Rev. Geo. M. Randall, D. D.
Micah Dyer, Jr.	Wm. Fox Richardson.
Jonas Fitch.	Rev. Emerson Davis, D. D.*
Rev. Geo. H. Hepworth.	Ex-Gov. Jos. H. Williams.
Dexter S. King.	Ex-Gov. Matthew Harvey.
Rev. Edw. N. Kirk, D. D.	Ex-Gov. Ryland Fletcher.
John J. Newcomb.	Gov. James Y. Smith.
Rev. John P. Gulliver, D. D.	

FACULTY OF MEDICINE.

Stephen Tracy, M. D.,	<i>Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine.</i>
Francis S. Cooke, M. D.,	Waterhouse, <i>Professor of Anatomy, and Professor of Physiology and Hygiene.</i>
Edward Aiken, M. D.,	<i>Professor of Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Chemistry.</i>
Minerva C. Meriam, M. D.,	<i>Professor of Obstetrics, and Diseases of Women and Children.</i>
Albert B. Robinson, M. D.,	<i>Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery, and Medical Jurisprudence.</i>
Mercie H. Dyer, M. D.,	<i>Demonstrator of Anatomy.</i>
Stephen Tracy, M. D.,	<i>Dean of the Faculty.</i>

NAMES OF GRADUATES OF 1865.

Mercie Howes Dyer	Shelburne Falls.
Minerva Caldwell Meriam	Boston.
Mary Elizabeth de Long Pope.	West Burlington, N. Y.
Emogene Ramenla Winegar.	Manchester, N. H.

* Died June, 1866.

Matriculation fee, \$3. Fee to each of the six Professors, \$10. Demonstrator's fee, \$5. Graduation fee, \$20. The fees, (except Graduation) are payable at the commencement of the term. During vacation, students are required to study under the direction of some respectable practitioner of medicine, who will certify to their studies. They can receive instruction from any of the Professors; and can, if they desire, recite at the College rooms, and thus have the benefit of the apparatus and library.

The requisites for graduation are: Three years' study under the supervision of a regular Practitioner of Medicine, attendance upon at least two full courses of lectures, the presentation of a thesis on some subject connected with medicine, or surgery, and the passing of a satisfactory examination in all the branches pertaining to the Healing Art. The Wade Scholarship Fund affords aid (to the amount of the Fees to the Professors and Demonstrator,) to students, without restriction as to the State or county of their residence. Application can be made, personally or by letter, to the Secretary, Dr. Gregory, accompanied by written recommendations, from two or more responsible persons, as to the applicant's age, character, education, and need of assistance. Scholarship students are required to pay the Matriculation and the Graduation fee. Any person, or a number of persons associated for the purpose, who may pay to the College the sum of one hundred dollars, will have the right to send one student to the Institution, free of further expense for fees to Professors and Demonstrator during her course of education, whether she attends two or more annual terms.

Any lady desirous of obtaining physiological, sanitary, and curative knowledge, can procure a ticket to the regular course of lectures of any one or more of the Professors, at the price paid by the students, — \$ 10 for each course.

A free Dispensary for women and children, under the charge of Doctress Cooke, and Doctress Meriam, Dispensary Physicians, is open daily (Sundays excepted) at the College, from 9 to 10, A. M., where gratuitous advice and medicine are given to those who apply.

Hospitals, Infirmaries, etc.

Massachusetts General Hospital.

McLean Street.

INCORPORATED FEB. 12, 1811.

The corner-stone of the present building was laid July 4, 1818: opened for the reception of patients, Sept. 1821.

This Institution, with the exception of a similar one in the city of Philadelphia, is the oldest establishment of the kind in the country. During the first year of its history, it received substantial aid from the State, but, with this exception, it has been wholly indebted to the voluntary contributions of citizens of Boston and other neighboring towns, for its successful foundation and its subsequent support and enlargement. Physicians and

students are admitted every Wednesday and Saturday at 10 o'clock. Surgical operations at 11 o'clock, with the exception of the winter months, when the operations are performed only on Saturdays.

Medical Board for 1866.

BOARD OF CONSULTATION.

James Jackson, M. D.	Winslow Lewis, M. D.
John Jeffries, M. D.	S. D. Townsend, M. D.
Edward Reynolds, M. D.	H. I. Bowditch, M. D.
John Homans, M. D.	D. H. Storer, M. D.
Benjamin S. Shaw, M. D., <i>Resident Physician.</i>	

VISITING PHYSICIANS.

Geo. C. Shattuck, M. D.	Francis Minot, M. D.
Augustus A. Gould, M. D.	Calvin Ellis, M. D.
Chas. E. Ware, M. D.	Samuel L. Abbot, M. D.

VISITING SURGEONS.

John M. Warren, M. D.	|	Samuel Cabot, M. D.
Henry J. Bigelow, M. D.		George H. Gay, M. D.
Henry G. Clark, M. D.		Richard M. Hodges, M. D.
James C. White, M. D.,	} <i>Physicians to Out-Patients.</i>	
A. D. Sinclair, M. D.		
J. Theodore Heard, M. D., <i>Surgeon to Out-Patients.</i>		
Calvin Ellis, M. D., <i>Microscopist and Curator of the Pathological Cabinet.</i>		
James C. White, M. D., <i>Chemist.</i>		
Wm. L. Richardson,	} <i>House Pupils in the Medical Department.</i>	
Henry Tuck,		

Thomas Dwight, Jr.,	}	<i>House Pupils in the Surgical Department.</i>
Henry P. Quincy,		
F. R. Sturgis,		
Richard H. Derby,		
Daniel G. Wilkins, Apothecary.		

STATISTICS.

Number of Patients in Hospital, January 1, 1865.

Paying, 25; Free, 123; Total, 148.

Of these 75 were males, and 73 females.

Admitted to the Hospital from January 1, 1865, to January 1, 1866.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Patients paying board,	415	152	567
Patients paying board part the time,	46	22	68
Patients entirely free,	309	255	564
	<hr/> 770	<hr/> 429	<hr/> 1199

Of these, 11 paid \$24.50 per week; 22 paid \$21; 4 paid \$15; 45 paid \$14; 2 paid \$12; 3 paid \$11; 10 paid \$10; 10 paid \$9; 59 paid \$7; and 469 paid \$4.50.

Whole number of Patients treated during the year.

Paying, 592; Paying part of the time, 68; Free, 687;
Total, 1347.

Discharged during the Year.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Well	442	260	702
Much Relieved	54	49	103
Relieved	108	84	192
Not Relieved	45	23	68

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Not Treated	31	22	53
Dead	82	22	104
Insane and eloped	20	1	21
	<hr/> 782	<hr/> 461	<hr/> 1243

Number of Patients Remaining December 31, 1865.

Males, 63; Females, 41; Total, 104.

Of these, 45 were paying, and 59 were free.

Proportion of deaths to the whole number of results,
8.37 per cent.

Number of patients received on account of accidents,
140.

During the last five years, 7,668 persons have received medical or surgical treatment in the Wards, and 24,515 have received medical or surgical treatment or advice, as out-door patients.

During the last year, the cost of maintaining sixty-two free patients, has actually consumed the entire income of the Hospital, except that which is derived from the board of paying patients, whilst the number in fact supported has been an average of one hundred and fourteen; and the total amount received from paying patients does not equal the expenditure incurred by them, by more than twenty-five hundred dollars.

Admission Refused.

Phthisis,	40	Hip Disease,	5
Syphilis,	30	Spine Disease,	3
Chronic Ulcers,	17	Debility,	5
Scrofula and Abscess,	18	Chronic Rheumatism,	16
Insanity,	7	Paralysis,	16

Epilepsy,	10	Recent Injuries,	16
Delirium Tremens,	3	Contagious Diseases,	23
Cancer,	3	Other Diseases,	19
Total.	.	.	231

Out-Patients.

5,356 persons have been treated as out-patients, coming to the Hospital daily, or as often as was necessary, and receiving advice, surgical attention, and medicine. Of these, 2,469 were males, and 2,887 were females; 2,176 were Americans, and 3,180 were Foreigners.

Boston City Hospital.

Worcester Square.

As early as the year 1849, before the Cholera, then epidemic, had entirely disappeared, the expediency of establishing a City Hospital was mooted, and a committee of the City Council reported favorably upon a project of continuing the Fort Hill Hospital, as a means of alleviating the pains of "those who suffer in their uncomfortable and often miserable homes when sick," but who could not enter the Massachusetts General Hospital, and who would not go to the alms-house. Not even a temporary hospital was established; for, although the then Board of Aldermen passed the necessary order, the Common Council rejected it. No further steps were taken toward establishing a City Hospital till the year 1856, when pe-

titions were signed generally by the medical Faculty and officers of the local charitable associations, urging the city to establish a hospital. A building in Springfield Street was purchased, to be appropriated to the purposes of a City Hospital; but the project was afterward abandoned. In 1860, the Mayor, Hon. F. W. Lincoln, Jr., renewed the appeal of his predecessors in office, to the City Council. A committee soon reported in favor of building a Hospital, and in obedience to an order recommended by them, and passed by the City Council on the 24th day of December, 1860, the land was appropriated, upon which the present building stands. A central building, two pavilions, and the necessary auxiliary buildings were substantially completed in May of 1864, and on the 24th of the month, were dedicated with appropriate services. It was opened for the reception of patients on the first day of June, 1864.

“Applications for admission of patients shall be made at the Hospital on each day of the week, at such hours as the Trustees may appoint.”

“Whenever able, the patient should apply in person. Any Trustee or either of the physicians or surgeons in attendance, may, in case of emergency, send a patient in the first instance, to the Hospital, by written permit.”

“Patients accidentally wounded or otherwise disabled or injured, shall be received at all hours.”

Visitors are admitted on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, from two to three o'clock, P. M.

Students and medical men are allowed to witness the practice of the house, gratis.

Free Clinical Lecture every Friday at 2 P. M.

Medical Board for 1866.

CONSULTING PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

S. D. Townsend, M. D.	John Jeffries, M. D.
Edward Reynolds, M. D.	Silas Durkee, M. D.
Winslow Lewis, M. D.	A. A. Gould, M. D.

VISITING PHYSICIANS.

Wm. M. Morland, M. D.	J. N. Borland, M. D.
Fitch Ed. Oliver, M. D.	J. G. Blake, M. D.
J. Baxter Upham, M. D.	John P. Reynolds, M. D.

VISITING SURGEONS.

C. E. Buckingham, M. D.	Chas. D. Homans, M. D.
D. McB. Thaxter, Jr. M.D.	Algernon Coolidge, M. D.
David W. Cheever, M. D.	

Henry W. Williams, M. D.	.	<i>Ophthalmic Surgeon.</i>
Chas. W. Swan, M. D.	.	<i>Pathologist.</i>
Howard F. Damon, M. D.	.	<i>Admitting Physician.</i>
F. J. Knight, M. D. }	.	<i>House Physicians.</i>
F. R. Sturgis, M. D. }	.	
A. B. Atherton, M. D. }	.	<i>House Surgeons.</i>
R. M. Ingalls, M. D. }	.	
G. H. Powers,	.	<i>Ophthalmic Interne.</i>

STATISTICS.

Patients in Hospital, Jan. 1, 1865,	.	.	101
Admitted during the year,	.	.	1,066
Discharged,	.	.	953
Died,	.	.	97

Remaining,	117
Surgical,	499
Medical,	459
Ophthalmic,	102
Smallpox,	6
Medical and Surgical Out-patients,	461
Ophthalmic Out-patients,	682

Massachusetts Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary.

Charles Street.

ORGANIZED, 1824. INCORPORATED FEBRUARY 23, 1827.

This Institution is open daily, except Sundays, at 11 o'clock, to all poor persons affected with diseases of the eye or ear.

Cases that require admission as boarders, may be received on the payment of \$4 for the first week, and \$3 for each succeeding week, three weeks' board to be paid in advance, — or on a free bed, if there is a vacancy, and the circumstances of the patient require it.

All applications must be made in person at the Infirmary, and at the hour of the Consultations, which is daily at 11 o'clock.

Patients in the wards, may receive the visits of their friends daily, at 12 o'clock (Sundays excepted). Patients in private rooms may be visited by their friends at any suitable hour, by permission of the Superintendent.

Medical Board for 1866.

Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.

R. W. Hooper, M. D. | Gustavus Hay, M. D.
Henry L. Shaw, M. D.

Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.

Hasket Derby, M. D. | Francis P. Sprague, M. D.

McLean Asylum for the Insane.

Somerville.

Opened for the reception of boarders October 1, 1818. John McLean, Esq., at his decease, left the sum of \$100,000 to be added to its funds; in consequence of which, the Asylum has taken the name of its benefactor. The Asylum receives no free patients, as such, although it enjoys the benefit of funds appropriated to lighten the pecuniary burden of some of its inmates, who may require such assistance.

John E. Tyler, M. D. *Superintendent.*

J. H. Whittemore, M. D. *Assistant Physician.*

I. H. Hazelton, M. D. *Asst. Physician and Apothecary.*

STATISTICS.

Admitted during the year	82
Discharged	85
Whole number under care	277
Died	17

Much improved, &c.	33
Recovered	35
Remaining at end of year	192
Average number of patients	186

Fifteen of the seventeen deaths were from Chronic Insanity of many years' duration, and the remaining two from the exhaustion of acute mania. Average weekly cost of each patient, \$ 12.50.

Boston Lunatic Hospital.

South Boston.

This Institution is under the supervision of the Board of Directors for Public Institutions. Visitors are admitted Wednesday afternoon, from 2 to 4, P. M.

Clement A. Walker, M. D., *Supt. and Physician.*
 Theo. W. Fisher, M. D. *Assistant Supt.*

There are also attached to this Institution one Male and one Female Supervisor; nine Male Attendants, and nine Female Attendants.

STATISTICS.

Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths.

Number of Patients Jan. 1, 1865,	167
Admitted during the year,	84
Whole number under treatment,	251
Discharged during the year,	67
Died during the year,	26
Remaining December 31, 1865,	184

Of those discharged, twenty-one had recovered, nine were improved, ten had not materially improved, one was found not to be insane, and twenty-six died.

Among the causes of death, eleven were from organic diseases of the brain, seven from consumption, three from exhaustion, two from diarrhœa, and one each from erysipelas, bilious colic, and puerperal disease. Nine were hopeless when admitted, and several were brought here to be cared for till death should occur.

Carney Hospital.

Old Harbor Street.

INCORPORATED 1865.

Under the charge of the Sisters of Charity.

A new building is in course of construction at the present time.

J. G. Blake, M. D. . . . *Attending Physician.*

H. I. Bowditch, M. D. . . . *Consulting Physician.*

D. McB. Thaxter, M. D. . . . *Attending Surgeon.*

Winslow Lewis, M. D. . . . *Consulting Surgeon.*

Boston Charitable Orthopedic Association.

No. 59 Bowdoin Street.

John Homans, M. D. *President.*

John P. Healy, *Secretary.*

Buckminster Brown, M. D. *Surgeon.*

New England Hospital for Women and Children.

No. 14 Warren Street.

ORGANIZED, 1861.

There are now 40 beds devoted to lying-in women, and surgical and medical diseases of women; 15 of the former being supported by the Trustees of the old "Boston Lying-in Hospital."

The price for board is eight dollars per week, but a large number are received at four dollars. Visitors are admitted to see patients on Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, from 2 till 5 o'clock, P. M.

Out-of-door patients are treated as follows: —

Monday and Thursday, from 9 to 10 A. M., Dr. Sewall.

Tuesday and Friday, from 9 to 10 A. M., Dr. Storer.

Wednesday and Saturday, from 10 to 11 A. M., Dr. Zakrzewska.

Tuesday afternoon, from 3 to 4 P. M., Dr. Tyng.

Medical Board for 1866.

Marie E. Zakrzewska, M. D.	<i>Attending Physician.</i>
Horatio R. Storer, M. D.	<i>Attending Surgeon.</i>
Lucy E. Sewall, M. D.	<i>Resident Physician.</i>
Ruth A. Gerry, M. D.	<i>Assistant Physician.</i>
Anita E. Tyng, M. D.	<i>Assistant Surgeon.</i>
Samuel Cabot, M. D.	<i>Consulting Surgeon.</i>
Walter Channing, M. D.	<i>Consulting Physician.</i>
Henry I. Bowditch, M. D.	<i>Consulting Physician.</i>

STATISTICS.

Patients admitted to Hospital	143
Patients visited at their homes	165
Patients treated in Dispensary	2,931
	<hr/>
	3,239

CLASSIFICATION OF DISEASES.

	Medical Cases.	Surgical Cases.	Diseases of Women.	Diseases of Children.	Midwifery.
In Hospital . . .	11	12	39	3	78
Out-Patients . . .	59	11	16	72	7
In Dispensary . .	1,109	145	870	807	....
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	1,179	168	925	882	85

The present year, 1866, is showing an increase nearly one hundred fold, in both the house and out-patients.

Rainsford Island Hospital.

George L. Underwood, *Superintendent and Physician.*

Established for the reception of discharged Soldiers.

STATISTICS.

Admitted since opening of Hospital . . .	61
Discharged since opening of Hospital . . .	25
Died since opening of Hospital	3
Remaining in Hospital	33
	<hr/>
	61

Church Home for Orphans and Destitute Children.

No. 18 Charles Street.

Number of Children limited to thirty. This Institution is managed by a Board of twenty-eight ladies.

B. Joy Jeffries, M. D.	.	.	<i>Visiting Physician.</i>
Henry K. Oliver, Jr., M. D.	.	.	<i>Visiting Physician.</i>
W. W. Morland, M. D.	.	.	<i>Consulting Physician.</i>

Boston Female Orphan Asylum.

Washington Street, Corner of Asylum Street.

INCORPORATED 1803.

The first meeting for the purpose of organizing the Society, was held on the 26th of September, 1800. The first physician was Dr. N. Smith. In 1801, Dr. James Jackson was appointed physician; he continued in office until 1806, when he was succeeded by Dr. Thomas Parker. In 1810, Dr. G. C. Shattuck, offered his services to the Asylum, and he remained with it thirty-four years as attending physician. The corner-stone of the present building was laid June 25, 1844.

Charles D. Homans, M. D. *Attending Physician.*

St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum.

Camden Street.

INCORPORATED 1843.

Under the charge of ten Sisters of Charity.

George S. Hyde, M. D. *Attending Physician.*

Perkins' Institution, and Massachusetts Asylum for the Blind.

Office, 20 Bromfield Street.

Young blind persons of good moral character, can be admitted to the school by paying \$250 per annum. This sum covers all expenses except for clothing, namely: board, washing, medicines, the use of books, musical instruments, &c. The pupils must furnish their own clothing, and pay their own fares to and from the Institution.

Indigent blind persons, of suitable age and character belonging to Massachusetts, can be admitted gratuitously, by application to the Governor for a warrant.

Samuel G. Howe, M. D., *Superintendent and Physician.*

House of Industry.

Deer Island.

Edward A. Whiston, *Resident Physician.*

STATISTICS.

Whole number of Patients admitted to Hospital	505
Daily average in hospital	196
“ “ “ “ per cent of whole number	
of inmates,	4.28
Number of deaths,	22
Percentage of deaths to whole number of inmates,	1.13
“ “ “ “ “ “ “ sick,	4.35

Causes of deaths: Consumption, 3; old age, pneumonia, and apoplexy, each 2; syphilis, diabetes, chronic diarrhœa, perineal fistulæ, gun-shot wound, chronic inflammation of liver, Bright's disease, acute mania, cancer, convulsions, meningitis, teething, scrofula, of each 1. The four latter were children under one year old. There have been 6 births, 3 of the mothers being paupers, and three sentenced women; 2 of the latter cases were still-births.

House of Reformation.

Deer Island.

Edward A. Whiston, *Resident Physician.*

STATISTICS.

Whole number of patients admitted to Hospital,	89
Daily average in Hospital,	276

Daily average in hospital. Per cent of whole number of inmates 1.24

But one death has occurred, the cause being pneumonia; making the percentage of deaths to whole number of inmates, .25; and the percentage of deaths to whole number of sick, 1.12.

Association for the Relief of Aged Indigent Females.

Revere Street.

INCORPORATED APRIL, 1849. ORGANIZED OCT., 1849.

Visitors admitted only on Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M., unless with a permit from one of the managers.

The annual meeting of the Corporation is held on the second Thursday of January.

A regular quarterly meeting of the Board is held on the third Thursday of January, April, July, and October of each year.

“No persons shall be admitted into the Home but those who are American-born, and have resided in Boston during the ten years preceding their application for admission, and bring satisfactory testimonials of the respectability of their character, and the propriety of their conduct, unless by the unanimous vote of all the Managers present, the number present being not less than fifteen.”

“Persons under sixty years of age shall not be admitted, either as boarders or pensioners, unless by a vote of two thirds of the whole number of Managers.”

Art. 16.

Francis Minot, M. D., *Physician.*

Robert Willard, M. D., *Assistant Physician.*

STATISTICS.

Number of inmates at commencement of 1865,	88
Entered,	12
	— 100
Died during the year,	4
Removed,	1
Number remaining,	95
Number supported wholly or in part by the Institution, (Jan. 1, 1866),	114

Home for Aged Colored Women.

No. 27 Myrtle Street.

Henry K. Oliver, Jr., M. D. *Attending Physician.*

Channing Home for Sick and Destitute Women.

No. 13 South Street.

FOUNDED 1857. INCORPORATED 1861.

John G. Blake, M. D. . . . *Visiting Physician.*

Samuel A. Green, M. D. . . . “ “

Charles W. Swan, M. D. . . . “ “

Home for Aged Men.

No. 17 South Street.

INCORPORATED 1860. ORGANIZED 1861.

Respectable, aged, indigent men, of more than fifty-five years of age, born in the United States, and who have resided ten years preceding their application in Boston, may be admitted on the usual majority vote.

Respectable, aged, indigent men, born in the United States of America, may, by vote of the Directors, be placed on the list of beneficiaries, and may be received into the Home, and be supported therein by relatives or friends, in whole or in part, or at the sole expense of the Corporation, as the circumstances or necessities of each case may seem to require; or the Directors may, if they deem it expedient, aid any of them in their own homes. Visitors admitted only on Tuesdays and Fridays, from 9 to 11 A. M., and from 3 to 5, P. M., unless by a permit from one of the Directors.

The Annual Meeting of the Corporation is held on the second Monday of January.

Charles D. Homans, M. D. *Attending Physician.*

STATISTICS.

Whole number December 31, 1864	.	.	.	28
Admitted to December 31, 1865	.	.	.	6
			—	34
Died	.	.	.	3
Stricken Off	.	.	.	1
Aid granted but not rendered	.	.	.	1
			—	5

In the Home	21
Outside Beneficiaries	8
	— 29

Temporary Home for the Destitute.

No. 24 Kneeland Street.

Samuel Cabot, M. D. . . . *Attending Physician.*

Of the 236 received during the year 1865, 50 have been legally adopted; 87 have been placed in families, who have promised to fit them for the various positions which inclination or capacity may best enable them to fill; and 99 have been returned to their friends.

Massachusetts School for Idiotic and Feeble Minded Youth.

Office 20 Bromfield Street.

Samuel G. Howe, M. D., *Superintendent and Physician.*

Since the present Corporation took charge of this school, there have been admitted:—

State Beneficiaries	242
Private Pupils	55
Total	— 297
Discharged	222
Died	10
Total	— 232
Now remaining, (1866,)	65

House of the Good Samaritan.

McLean Street.

INCORPORATED 1861.

The hours of visiting patients are from 11.30 A. M., to 12.30 P. M., and from 3.30 P. M., to 4.30 P. M., on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays; patients being allowed to receive one visitor only at a time. No visitors will be allowed on Sunday, except by special permission. Visitors are not allowed to bring to the patients any articles of food, without permission from the person for the time in charge of the Ward; nor can patients, under any circumstances, be permitted to purchase for themselves any articles of diet.

George C. Shattuck, M. D., *Attending Physician.*

F. E. Oliver, M. D. . *Attending Physician.*

Buckminster Brown, M. D., *Surgeon.*

STATISTICS.

The number of patients admitted during the year, 98

The number of patients remaining Dec. 31, 1865, 22

Total number under treatment, 120

The number of patients discharged well, 30

The number of patients discharged relieved, 21

The number of patients not relieved, 2

The number of patients discharged, 8

The number of deaths, 23

The number remaining December 31, 1865, 26

120

Income during 1865, \$ 11,492.25. Expenditures,
\$9,744.12.

Home for Indigent and Incurable Consumptives.

No. 4 Vernon Street.

A Hospital for the gratuitous medical treatment and care of cases of confirmed Consumption, in homeless persons, and those too poor to provide for themselves.

Charles Cullis, M. D. . . . *Physician.*

Discharged Soldier's Home.

Springfield Street.

The design of this Institution is to provide a comfortable HOME for such persons who are in need, as have been honorably discharged from the army of the United States, by reason of their sickness or wounds. Any person may become a member of this Association for one year, by the payment of \$1 into the treasury; and any person may become a member for life by the payment of \$20 into its treasury.

Leonard R. Sheldon, M. D., *Attending Physician.*

John A. Lamson, M. D., “ “

Number of soldiers received since its establishment to	
March 1, 1866,	2,742
Number of soldiers received from March 1, 1865, to	
March 1, 1866,	451

Number of soldiers died from March 1, 1865, to March 1, 1866,	21
Average number of soldiers receiving medical or surgical treatment from March 1, 1865, to March 1, 1866,	50

Ladies' Health Society.

No. 39 Eliot Street.

The object of this Society is to provide an office where women of good moral character, whose circumstances prevent them from procuring suitable medical advice, may receive gratuitous treatment, and a knowledge of the laws of life and health. Stated meetings are held on Wednesday of each week.

Anna Goulding, M. D., *Resident Physician.*

Boston Mutual Benefit Association.

INSTITUTED 1853. INCORPORATED 1855.

Meetings. — First Thursday in each month, at No. 30 Court Square, until further notice, at 8 o'clock, P. M., commencing with April, and ending with September; and at 7 o'clock, from the first of October until April.

Annual meeting, first Thursday in January.

Admission fee, \$ 3. Yearly assessments, \$ 6. Sick benefits, \$ 6 per week.

D. Humphreys Storer, *Physician.*

Boston Benefit Society.

Meetings, first Monday in each month. Annual meeting in January.

Amount to be paid in before receiving Benefits, \$ 11.
Assessments, 50 cents per month. Sick Benefits, \$ 5 per week.

Geo. N. Thompson, M. D., *Physician.*

Boston Provident Association.

No. 284 Washington Street.

ORGANIZED 1851. INCORPORATED 1854.

DISTRICT PHYSICIANS.

District II	.	.	P. M. Crane, M. D.
" III	.	.	M. C. Greene, M. D.
" VI	.	.	Francis Minot, M. D.
" VII	.	.	Chas. D. Homans, M. D.
" IX	.	.	N. C. Keep, M. D.
" "	.	.	James C. White, M. D.
" "	.	.	A. Coolidge, M. D.

Boston Dispensary.

Corner of Ash and Bennet Streets.

FOUNDED 1796. INCORPORATED Feb. 26, 1801.

This was the first Institution of the kind in Boston, and the third in the United States.* The present building — the Central Office — was opened July 28, 1856, where out-patients are treated from 9 A. M., to 11 A. M. To this end four physicians are in daily attendance, treating respectively the men, women, children, and surgical cases. The Apothecaries' shop is open daily from 9 A. M. to 12 M., and from 4 P. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays and legal holidays, from 1 P. M. to 2 P. M. The Visiting Physicians are at the Dispensary twice each day, where a register is kept to receive the address of patients requiring their services.

Medical and Surgical Board.

SUPERINTENDENT.

Samuel A. Green, M. D.

SURGEONS.

David W. Cheever, M. D.	Francis H. Brown, M. D.
John Green, M. D.	Seth L. Sprague, M. D.

*The Philadelphia Dispensary is the best one in this country, having been organized in 1786. The New York Dispensary was founded in 1791.

PHYSICIANS.

Henry K. Oliver, M. D.	Chas. F. Crehore, M. D.
S. H. Carney, M. D.	P. A. O'Connell, M. D.
Hall Curtis, M. D.	Francis C. Ropes, M. D.
Calvin G. Page, M. D.	Joshua B. Treadwell, M. D.
B. Joy Jeffries, M. D.	Chas. W. Swan, M. D.
J. M. Hayward, M. D.	[One vacancy.]

DISTRICT PHYSICIANS.

District No. 1,	Chas. E. Inches, M. D.
" 2,	Washington B. Trull, M. D. (E. Boston.)
" 3,	A. J. Fenn, M. D.
" 4,	J. F. A. Appell, M. D.
" 5,	Robert Disbrow, M. D.
" 6,	Chas. B. Porter, M. D.
" 7,	J. W. Cushing, M. D.
" 8,	Joseph R. Draper, M. D. (S. Boston.)

A. K. Carruthers, *Apothecary*.

Daniel J. Ives, *Assistant Apothecary*.

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCT. 1, 1865.

Central Office.

<i>Medical.</i>	Men	.	.	.	1,379
	Women	.	.	.	4,899
	Children	.	.	.	4,555
					<hr/>
					10,833
<i>Surgical.</i>	Men	.	.	.	976
	Women	.	.	.	1,462
	Children	.	.	.	1,919
					<hr/>
	Total	.	.	.	15,190

Districts.

Men	.	.	.	.	.	1,091
Women	.	.	.	.	.	2,649
Children	.	.	.	.	.	2,913
Total	.	.	.	.	.	<hr/>6,653

Central Office and Districts.

Men	.	.	.	.	.	3,456
Women	.	.	.	.	.	9,010
Children	.	.	.	.	.	9,387
Total	.	.	.	.	.	<hr/>21,853

Old and New Patients.

<i>Central Office.</i>	Medical	.	.	22,005
<i>Central Office.</i>	Surgical	.	.	5,251
Total	.	.	.	<hr/> 27,256

Average daily attendance	.	88½
<i>District Births</i>	.	85
<i>District Deaths</i>	.	188
Total number of prescriptions	.	47,104

Miscellaneous.

Appointments of Surgeons.

Surgeon General Dale has appointed the following Surgeons for Suffolk County, to examine applicants for the State aid, under the law passed by the Legislature at its last session, and they have been confirmed by Governor Bullock.

Dr. Samuel A. Green, No. 25 Kneeland Street, late Surgeon of the 24th Regiment, Mass. Vols. ; Dr. George Derby, No. 102 Charles Street, late Surgeon U. S. Volunteers ; Dr. Wm. Ingalls, No. 2 Dover Street, late Surgeon of 59th Regiment, Mass. Vols. ; Dr. F. L. Ainsworth, No. 10 Bulfinch Street, late Surgeon U. S. Vols. ; Dr. P. A. O'Connell, No. 21 Harrison Avenue, late Brigade Surgeon, U. S. Vols. ; Dr. J. B. Treadwell, No. 291 Tremont Street, late Surgeon of 5th Mass. Vols. ; Dr. John C. Barrington, late Surgeon of 28th Mass. Vols., of Chelsea.

Examining Surgeons United States Pension Bureau.

Geo. Stevens Jones, M. D. | Calvin G. Page, M. D.
F. P. Sprague, M. D.

City Physician.

William Read, M. D.

Office, City Hall, Basement, East Wing.

Office Hours from 12 to 1.

Hours for Vaccination from 10 to 12 daily.

Sanitary Measures.

At a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen, held on the 11th of May, the following order was passed and approved by the Mayor.

“ORDERED, That for the purpose of a thorough Sanitary inspection, the city shall be divided into nine Health Districts, agreeably to the accompanying plan, said Districts to be subdivided into as many sections as may be necessary. Each Health District to be under the charge of a competent physician, who shall be nominated by the City Physician, and his appointment confirmed by the Committee on Internal Health, who shall also appoint a sufficient number of local inspectors; the compensation of said physicians and inspectors to be fixed by said Committee. It shall be the duty of said physicians and inspectors to make a thorough examination of all buildings and passage ways, at such times as the City Physician and Superintendent of Health shall direct, and shall make daily reports to the Health Office, of the condition of the several districts. All persons acting under and by authority of this order are hereby authorized to enter upon and into any premises which it may be necessary to visit in compliance with its provisions, but their object in so doing must be first stated

to the occupants, and all unnecessary annoyance to them carefully avoided."

In pursuance of the above order, the city has been divided into nine Health Districts, and the following appointments of Physicians and Inspectors have been made: —

DISTRICT 1. Dr. A. B. Hall, *Physician*; W. B. Howard, S. W. Wheeler, and S. J. Simmons, *Inspectors*.

DISTRICT 2. Dr. George Derby, *Physician*; F. C. Ropes, O. F. Wadsworth, W. C. Crane, and J. A. Lamson, *Inspectors*.

DISTRICT 3. Dr. H. L. Shaw, *Physician*; C. K. Wheeler, W. A. Porter, and C. E. Leighton, *Inspectors*.

DISTRICT 4. Dr. S. A. Green, *Physician*; H. Cudworth, and W. C. Wood, *Inspectors*.

DISTRICT 5. Dr. H. F. Damon, *Physician*; D. Youngman, and E. W. Aiken, *Inspectors*.

DISTRICT 6. Dr. A. D. Sinclair, *Physician*; D. Chamberlain, and J. B. Treadwell, *Inspectors*.

DISTRICT 7. Dr. T. W. Haskins, *Physician*; C. W. Swan, and J. D. Brayton, *Inspectors*.

DISTRICT 8. South Boston. — Dr. P. P. Ingalls, *Physician*; R. M. Ingalls, R. Provans, and R. Y. Jenkins, *Inspectors*.

DISTRICT 9. East Boston. — Dr. P. M. Crane, *Physician*; H. C. Pinkham, J. H. Dalton, and Phineas French, *Inspectors*.

A Health Warden has been appointed for each District, and a local Inspector for each sub-district. The duty of the Health Warden is to oversee the whole District, to condense the reports of the local Inspectors and forward his report daily to the Health Office, and

generally have a care that the investigation is faithful and complete.

The Local Inspectors make a careful house-to-house examination of the several sub-districts, and report daily to the Health Warden.

Two officers from each Police Station, wearing badges on the front of their caps with the word "Sanitary" in silver letters on them, have been detailed, whose special duty it is to look after and report all unclean and unhealthy places in the several Police Districts to which they belong.

City Registrar.

Nicholas A. Apollonio, *City Hall*.

The City Registrar has the superintendence of the Burial Grounds and Funerals. He records the Births, Deaths, and Marriages, and grants Certificates of all Intentions of Marriage.

STATISTICS FOR 1864.

The number of births in 1864, was 4,992, — 2,641 males, and 2,351 females; showing a falling off of 263, compared with the preceding year. There were 37 twin births. In fifteen instances, both children were males; in eight, both were females; and in fourteen, one was male and the other female. In 1863, there were forty-nine twin births, and one case of triplets.

The number of deaths in 1864, was 5,111, — an increase of 412 over the number of the preceding year, and 791 above that of 1862, the population at present

being about 197,133, making one death to every 37.17 of the population. 1,075 of the number being under one year of age, and 1,116 from one to five years of age.

The number of deaths from Consumption was 859, — 424 males, and 435 females. Diseases of the Lungs carried off 395. Fevers 451, and Diseases of the Brain, 262.

Life Insurance Companies.

DOING BUSINESS IN BOSTON AND THEIR RESPECTIVE MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

<i>Company and Place of Business.</i>	<i>Medical Examiner.</i>	<i>Hours Attendance.</i>
Ætna, 27 State Street.....	Joseph H. Warren, M. D.	12 to 1 P. M.
Berkshire, 13 Exchange Place		
Charter Oak, 27 State Street.....	F. E. Oliver, M. D.	12 to 1 P. M.
Connecticut Mutual, 82 Washington Street..	H. K. Oliver, M. D.	12½ to 1 P. M.
Equitable, 17 State Street	Chas. D. Homans, M. D.	1 to 2 P. M.
Hancock, John, Mutual, 41 State Street	A. A. Gould, M. D.	1½ to 2 P. M.
Manhattan, 17 Kilby Street.....		
Mass. Hospital, 50 State Street.....		
Mass. Mutual, 14 State Street.....	A. S. Ainsworth, M. D.	1 P. M.
National, 82 Washington Street	H. Dupee, M. D.	Uncertain.
National Mutual, 96 Washington Street.....	G. F. Bigelow, M. D.	12 M.
New England Mutual, 39 State Street	Wm. W. Morland, M. D.	1 to 2 P. M.
New York, 13 Merchants Exchange.....	{ John Hemans, M. D. B. L. Delano, M. D. A. A. Gould, M. D. }	11 to 1 P. M.
North American, Traveller's Building	W. Bushnell, M. D.	12 to 1 P. M.
Phoenix Mutual, Washington, foot School St.....		1 to 2 P. M.
State Mutual, 6 Congress Street.....		
United States, 28 State Street.....	W. Ingalls, M. D.	12 to 1 P. M.
Washington, 9 Old State House.....	James Ayer, M. D.	

Warren Museum of Natural History.

92 Chestnut Street.

INCORPORATED FEB. 1858.

J. Mason Warren, M. D., *President.*

J. Sullivan Warren, M. D., *Treasurer.*

The collections contained in this building have, for their nucleus, the skeleton of the Great Mastodon, the only perfect specimen in existence, discovered in 1845, near the North River, at Newburg; and purchased in 1846 by Dr. John C. Warren. Dr. Warren, knowing how all collections were, sooner or later destroyed by fire, in 1849 erected the present fire-proof building, composed almost entirely of stone, brick, and iron, for the preservation of this splendid specimen, and for his other valuable collections in Natural History; which now belong to his family.

The building is composed of two large halls, a smaller one, and an entry. The lower hall contains first, — the skeleton of the Mastodon; at the side of it, and for the purpose of comparison, is that of the elephant "Pizarro," one of the largest elephants ever brought to this country, together with that of a horse. The room also contains one or two specimens of the Mastodon, which have not been articulated, and a great number of the heads and teeth of this animal at different periods of life. There is also the head of a whale, and casts of heads of various animals from the British Museum, among which are those of fossil heads of elephants from the Hymalaya Mountains. Around the room is arranged a specimen of the fossil skeleton of the "Zeuglodon Cetoides," sixty feet long, of great antiquity.

There are other skeletons of the different kinds of monkeys, and part of the skeleton, with the stuffed skin of a Gorilla.

In the entry are slabs containing the fossil impressions of gigantic birds, and of other large animals. The story above contains the collections belonging to, or in the

charge of Dr. J. Mason Warren. They consist of large collections of crania from all parts of the world, both Human and Comparative. Many specimens in papier machè, from Auzoux of Paris; a skeleton of the "*Ornithorynchus Paradoxus*," with the stuffed skins of the male and female. Here is also, the head, heart, and brain of the distinguished Spurzheim, and a cast of his face, taken immediately after death, by Dr. Winslow Lewis, and an original picture of him, by Fisher. The interesting collection of Peruvian mummies, and crania, brought by John H. Blake, Esq. from ancient Peruvian cemeteries near Arica, are deposited in this room. Some of these crania with others in the collection, are described in the valuable work of Dr. Daniel Wilson, on "*Prehistoric Man*." In the smaller room are a collection of anatomical preparations, illustrative of healthy and morbid anatomy; also the casts of the enormous eggs of the gigantic birds from New Zealand and New Holland, — the *Epyornis* and the *Dinornis*, also many geological specimens of interest.

The Museum is open to visitors on Thursdays throughout the year, from 11 to 4 o'clock P. M.

Warren Anatomical Museum.

Medical College, Grove Street.

This fine collection, one of the largest in the country, and used for illustrating the lectures at the Medical College, was presented to Harvard College, by Dr. John C. Warren, with five thousand dollars for its proper

preservation; being the result of his labors, with those of his friends and pupils, for forty or fifty years. Among the gentlemen engaged in making preparations for it, were Doctors Gamage, Edward Warren, Wyman, George Parkman, Samuel Parkman, and Dr. Winslow Lewis. Anatomical preparations were given to Dr. Warren from time to time, by Dr. James Jackson, Dr. John Gorham, Dr. Spaulding of Portsmouth, Dr. Winslow Lewis, Dr. J. B. S. Jackson, and others. Many specimens were added to it, both Surgical and Anatomical by Dr. J. M. Warren, who, during two visits to Europe, made a large collection for it of morbid bones, and of the Anatomical preparations of Auzoux.

Since the collection came into the possession of the College in 1847, it has been largely increased by gifts from various members of the Profession, and by the constant labors of its distinguished curator, Professor J. B. S. Jackson, who may also be said to be the founder of the unique pathological collection belonging to the Boston Society of Medical Improvement. Specimens have also been added by Prof. O. W. Holmes, and H. J. Bigelow, and by the different Prosectors, Doctors Ainsworth, Hodges, and Cheever.

There are now about 2,750 specimens in the Museum, and a detailed catalogue of the specimens has been prepared for publication.

The Museum was open to the public, at stated hours, and fully advertised, for two or three summers, but there was not a sufficient number of visitors to warrant its continuance. Any respectable person, however, by making application at the proper time, at the College, can get a permit for admission.

Boston Society of Natural History.

Berkeley, corner of Boylston Street.

INCORPORATED FEBRUARY 24, 1831.

During the year 1865 and 1866, 14,000 specimens, including nearly 9,000 specimens of birds presented by Dr. Henry Bryant, — have been presented to the Museum. To the Library, — which now numbers 12,000 volumes and pamphlets, — have been added during the past year, 981 volumes and parts of volumes, and pamphlets.

At the meetings thirty-six communications have been made on scientific subjects. The Museum is open to the public every Wednesday and Saturday from 10 A. M., to 5 P. M., and Thursdays to members.

The receipts during the past year have been \$14,904.91; Expenditures \$12,795. The space allotted to the collection of Comparative Anatomy and Mammalia, comprises the entire lower floor of the western extremity of the main hall, opposite the Paleontological collections, with the adjoining apartments. The cases in the hall are entirely devoted to the reception of mounted mammalian skeletons, in which department it may be considered the most extensive of any in the country; during the past year the Curator Dr. J. C. White, has prepared sections of a series of skulls, representing nearly all the families, in the various orders of Mammalia, which have been placed in one of the cases, and form an instructive illustration of the comparative size and shape of the brain in this class of the animal kingdom. In the north-western apartment the mounted skeletons and parts of

skeletons, the odontological cabinet, the skulls of reptiles, the specimens illustrating the comparative osteology of birds and fishes, the dried dissections and the preparations in alcohol consisting of mammals, embryos, etc., are placed.

At the beginning of the present year the collection in this department, apart from the skins of mammals which were not estimated, amounted to 1,040 specimens, as follows: —

Mammals. — Skeletons mounted, 73; skeletons unmounted, 25; parts of skeletons, 107; skulls, 279; teeth, 93.

Birds. — Skeletons, 25; parts of skeletons, 56; skulls, 87.

Reptiles. — Skeletons, 13; parts of skeletons, 8; skulls, 12.

Fishes. — Parts of skeletons, 57; skulls, 21.

Alcoholic specimens, 100; horns, 50; miscellaneous, 25.

OFFICERS FOR 1866-7.

President.

Jeffries Wyman, M. D.

Vice Presidents.

Charles T. Jackson, M. D., Augustus A. Gould, M. D.

Corresponding Secretary.

Samuel L. Abbot, M. D.

Recording Secretary.

Samuel H. Scudder.

Treasurer.

Edward Pickering.

Librarian.

Samuel H. Scudder.

*Custodian.**Curators.*

Thomas T. Bouvè,	<i>Of Geology and Palæontology.</i>
Thomas M. Brewer, M. D.,	<i>Of Oölogy.</i>
Henry Bryant, M. D.,	<i>Of Ornithology.</i>
F. W. Putnam,	<i>Of Ichthyology.</i>
James C. White, M. D.,	<i>Of Mammalogy and Comparative Anatomy.</i>
Samuel H. Scudder,	<i>Of Entomology.</i>
B. Joy Jeffries, M. D.,	<i>Of Microscopy.</i>
Burt G. Wilder, M. D.,	<i>Of Herpetology.</i>
Charles Pickering, M. D.,	<i>Of Ethnology.</i>
Alpheus Hyatt,	<i>Of Conchology.</i>
A. S. Packard, Jr., M. D.,	<i>Of Crustacea.</i>
A. E. Verrill,	<i>Of Radiata.</i>
Thomas T. Bouvè,	<i>Of Mineralogy.</i>
Horace Mann,	<i>Of Botany.</i>

American Pharmaceutical Association.

The American Pharmaceutical Association originated from a meeting held in New York, October 15, 1851, in

response to a call issued by the New York College of Pharmacy. The call was addressed to the other Colleges of Pharmacy in the United States, requesting that each College should appoint three delegates, to meet in convention, to take into consideration the subject of standards for the guidance of the special examiners of drugs, medicines, and chemicals, at the several chief ports of entry.

During the progress of this Convention, resolutions were passed, expressing the desire of those present that a convention should be called for the succeeding year, to consist of delegates from incorporated and unincorporated pharmaceutical societies, when all the important questions bearing on the profession may be considered, and measures adopted for the organization of a national association to meet yearly.

In accordance with the above resolution, a convention was held in Philadelphia, October 6, 1852, at which a Constitution was adopted, as also a Code of Ethics, and considerable important business transacted.

The members are composed of Pharmacutists and Druggists, over twenty-one years of age, of good moral and professional character, and elected by two thirds of the members present, on ballot.

The meetings have been held annually, except in the year 1861, when the meeting, which was to be held at St Louis, was, on account of the unsettled state of our National affairs, omitted.

The meetings were held as follows : —

1852 . . . Philadelphia.	1854 . . . Cincinnati.
1853 . . . Boston.	1855 . . . New York.

1856 . . . Baltimore.	1860 . . . New York.
1857 . . . Philadelphia.	1862 . . . Philadelphia.
1858 . . . Washington.	1863 . . . Baltimore.
1859 . . . Boston.	1864 . . . Cincinnati.

The next meeting is to be held at Detroit, Michigan, on the fourth Wednesday of August, 1866, at 3 o'clock P. M.

OFFICERS OF THE ASSOCIATION FOR 1865-66.

President.

Henry W. Lincoln, . . . Boston, Mass.

Vice Presidents.

- 1st. George C. Close . . . Brooklyn, N. Y.
- 2d. E. W. Sackrider . . . Cleveland, Ohio.
- 3d. Chas. A. Heinitsh . . . Lancaster, Pa.

Treasurer.

Chas. A. Tufts . . . Dover, N. H.

Permanent Recording Secretary.

J. M. Maisch, . . . Philadelphia, Pa.

Corresponding Secretary.

P. W. Bedford . . . New York, N. Y.

PERMANENT AND STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1865-66.

Executive Committee.

- Thomas S. Wiegand, *Chairman*, Philadelphia, Pa.
- John Butterworth, . . . Boston, Mass.
- F. W. Sennewald, . . . St. Louis, Mo.
- T. H. Barr, . . . Terre Haute, Ind.
- J. M. Maisch, (*Rec. Sec.*) *ex. officio*, Philadelphia, Pa.

Committee on the Progress of Pharmacy.

Enno Sander, <i>Chairman</i> ,	St. Louis, Mo.
Theodore Kalb	“ “
G. F. H. Markoe	Boston, Mass.
Ferris Bringhurst	Wilmington, Del.
P. W. Bedford, (<i>Cor. Sec.</i>) <i>ex officio</i> ,	New York, N. Y.

Committee on the Drug Market.

Samuel M. Colcord, <i>Chairman</i> ,	Boston, Mass.
J. J. Thompson	Baltimore, Md.
Wm. A. Brewer	New York, N. Y.
Ezekiel H. Sargent	Chicago, Ill.
W. J. M. Gordon	Cincinnati, Ohio.

Committee on Scientific Queries.

Wm. Proctor, Jr. <i>Chairman</i> ,	Philadelphia, Pa.
Edward S. Wayne	Cincinnati, Ohio.
Edward Parrish	Philadelphia, Pa.
R. H. Stabler	Alexandria, Va.

BUSINESS COMMITTEE.

Dr. E. R. Squibb, <i>Chairman</i>	Brooklyn, N. Y.
F. Stearns	Detroit, Mich.
J. F. Moore	Baltimore, Md.

Permanent Committee on the Pharmacopœia.

Dr. E. R. Squibb, <i>Chairman</i>	Brooklyn, N. Y.
William Proctor, Jr.	Philadelphia, Pa.
Alfred B. Taylor	Philadelphia, Pa.

Presidents since its Organization.

Daniel B. Smith,	Philadelphia,	1852-53.
William A. Brewer,	Boston,	1853-54.
William B. Chapman,	Cincinnati,	1854-55.
John Meakin,	New York,	1855-56.
George W. Andrews,	Baltimore,	1856-57.
Charles Ellis,	Philadelphia,	1857-58.
John L. Kidwell,	Georgetown, D. C.,	1858-59.
Samuel M. Colcord,	Boston,	1859-60.
Henry P. Kiersted,	New York,	1860-62.
William Proctor, Jr.,	Philadelphia,	1862-63.
J. Faris Moore,	Baltimore,	1863-64.
William J. M. Gordon,	Cincinnati,	1864-65.
Henry W. Lincoln,	Boston,	1865-66.

Members doing Business in Massachusetts.

Samuel M. Colcord	. . .	Boston,	1852.
Joseph Burnett	. . .	Boston,	1852.
Daniel Henchman	. . .	Boston,	1853.
Thomas Restieaux	. . .	Boston,	1853.
Emery Souther	. . .	Boston,	1853.
Henry W. Lincoln	. . .	Boston,	1853.
T. L. Turner	. . .	Boston,	1853.
Thomas Hollis	. . .	Boston,	1853.
William A. Brewer	. . .	Boston,	1853.
Ashel Boyden	. . .	Boston,	1853.
Henry D. Fowle	. . .	Boston,	1853.
James F. Melvin	. . .	Boston,	1853.
William W. Goodwin	. . .	Boston,	1853.
Robert R. Kent	. . .	Boston,	1855.
Alvah Littlefield	. . .	Boston,	1856.

Augustus P. Melzar	.	.	Boston,	1856.
Charles H. Atwood	.	.	Boston,	1856.
James Gordon	.	.	Boston,	1857.
Theodore Metcalf	.	.	Boston,	1857.
William Brown	.	.	Boston,	1858.
George D. Ricker	.	.	Boston,	1858.
C. H. Lyon, Jr.	.	.	Boston,	1858.
I. Bartlett Patten	.	.	Boston,	1858.
Oliver H. Webber	.	.	Boston,	1858.
George D. Towne	.	.	Boston,	1858.
D. B. Kidder	.	.	Boston,	1858.
Leopold Babo	.	.	Boston,	1859.
Levi G. Dodge	.	.	Boston,	1859.
E. W. Cutler	.	.	Boston,	1859.
T. S. Harris	.	.	Boston,	1859.
George H. Chapman	.	.	Boston,	1859.
Orlando Tompkins	.	.	Boston,	1859.
I. T. Campbell	.	.	Boston,	1859.
Thomas Daliber	.	.	Boston,	1859.
B. O. Wilson	.	.	Boston,	1859.
M. H. Gleeson	.	.	Boston,	1859.
James A. Gleeson	.	.	Boston,	1859.
Joseph T. Brown	.	.	Boston,	1859.
Moses D. Colby	.	.	Boston,	1859.
George W. Woodbridge	.	.	Boston,	1859.
Samuel H. Woods	.	.	Boston,	1859.
Henry Warren	.	.	Boston,	1859.
John Butterworth	.	.	Boston,	1860.
Joshua G. Wilbur	.	.	Boston,	1860.
Elijah Smalley	.	.	Boston,	1860.
Levi Tower, Jr.	.	.	Boston,	1860.
Edward H. Fernald	.	.	Boston,	1860.

Charles F. Rogers . . .	Boston,	1860.
Thomas S. Moffitt . . .	Boston,	1861.
George F. H. Markoe . . .	Boston,	1863.
Joseph L. Parker . . .	Boston,	1864.
W. D. Atkinson, Jr. . . .	Boston,	1865.
James F. Babcock . . .	Boston,	1865.
Charles F. Bartlett . . .	Boston,	1865.
William C. Brigham . . .	Boston,	1865.
Henry Canning . . .	Boston,	1865.
Solomon Carter . . .	Boston,	1865.
John R. Colby . . .	Boston,	1865.
J. B. Colton . . .	Boston,	1865.
E. H. Doolittle . . .	Boston,	1865.
Gustavus D. Dows . . .	Boston,	1865.
J. H. Dyer . . .	Boston,	1865.
John I. Fellows . . .	Boston,	1865.
George W. French . . .	Boston,	1865.
William E. Jenkins . . .	Boston,	1865.
J. R. Nichols . . .	Boston,	1865.
E. H. Perry . . .	Boston,	1865.
W. A. Safford . . .	Boston,	1865.
F. W. Simmons . . .	Boston,	1865.
C. G. Underwood . . .	Boston,	1865.
E. Whittemore . . .	Boston,	1865.
D. G. Wilkins . . .	Boston,	1865.
David Howarth . . .	Andover,	1862.
A. S. Wiley . . .	Cambridge,	1857.
A. H. Ramsey . . .	Cambridge,	1857.
Henry Thayer . . .	Cambridgeport,	1858.
A. R. Bailey . . .	Cambridgeport,	1858.
Joel S. Orne . . .	Cambridgeport,	1859.
F. D. Hardy, Jr. . . .	Cambridgeport,	1859.

C. H. Lowe	. . . .	Cambridgeport,	1865.
Benjamin F. Stacy	. . . .	Charleston,	1860.
John Buck	. . . .	Chelsea,	1855.
John P. Lyman	. . . .	Chelsea,	1860.
G. W. Churchill	. . . .	Chelsea,	1865.
George Marsh	. . . .	Dedham,	1865.
Jeremiah Sanborn, Jr.	. . . .	Dorchester,	1865.
William D. Broomhead	. . . .	East Somerville,	1865.
James B. Lane	. . . .	Fitchburg,	1853.
William H. Ware	. . . .	Gloucester,	1859.
William L. Wetherell	. . . .	Gloucester,	1865.
F. T. Whiting	. . . .	Gt. Barrington,	1863.
George A. Kimbill	. . . .	Haverhill,	1859.
James L. Lunt	. . . .	Hingham,	1865.
Andrew Geyer	. . . .	Ipswich,	1865.
H. M. Whitney	. . . .	Lawrence,	1859.
Francis Tinker	. . . .	Leominster,	1860.
Warren Tapley	. . . .	Lynn,	1859.
Benjamin Proctor	. . . .	Lynn,	1859.
Samuel Kidder, Jr.	. . . .	Lowell,	1859.
David Coggin	. . . .	Lowell,	1864.
William H. French	. . . .	Lowell,	1865.
T. G. Tweed	. . . .	Lowell,	1865.
F. W. Hoyt	. . . .	Lowell,	1865.
E. R. Knight	. . . .	Melrose,	1865.
C. C. Bixby	. . . .	N. Bridgewater,	1859.
G. W. Berrian, Jr.	. . . .	North Andover,	1857.
James E. Blake	. . . .	New Bedford,	1865.
Charles E. Savell	. . . .	Roxbury,	1860.
Eben Blatchford	. . . .	Rockport,	1857.
Eben Blatchford, Jr.	. . . .	Rockport,	1865.
Edmund Bigelow	. . . .	Springfield,	1860.

Thomas A. Sweetser	. . .	South Danvers,	1859.
James Emerton	. . .	Salem,	1859.
S. A. D. Sheppard	. . .	Salem,	1865.
David Scott	. . .	Worcester,	1855.
Nelson R. Scott	. . .	Worcester,	1859.
M. S. McConville	. . .	Worcester,	1859.
T. A. McConville	. . .	Worcester,	1864.

Massachusetts College of Pharmacy.

No. 12 Temple Place.

INSTITUTED 1823. INCORPORATED 1852.

Any adult person of correct moral deportment, and who shall have been actively engaged as a wholesale Druggist or a dispensing Apothecary, for a term of four years, either as principal or clerk, may be admitted as a member of this College. Efforts are being made to secure a course of lectures during the coming winter, on Pharmacy, Chemistry, and Botany. Members of the College are expected to deliver these lectures.

Stated meetings are held on the first Thursday of every month, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

OFFICERS FOR 1866.

Thomas Hollis,	. . .	<i>President.</i>
Henry W. Lincoln,	. . .	<i>Recording Sec.</i>
James S. Melvin,	. . .	<i>Corresponding Sec.</i>
Ashel Boyden,	. . .	<i>Treasurer.</i>
Geo. E. Ricker,	. . .	<i>Auditor.</i>

Delegates to the American Pharmaceutical Association.

Chas. A. Tufts,	|	W. Brown,
John Buck,	|	G. F. H. Markoe,
J. M. Colcord.		

Members of the College of Pharmacy doing Business in the City of Boston.

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 Babo, Leopold, 12 Boylston St.
 Blasland, Thomas, Broadway, cor. D St.
 Boyden, Ashel, Joy, cor. Myrtle St.
 Brown, Frederick, 68 Washington St.
 Brown, John I. & Son, 425 & 1,029 Washington St.
 Brown, Joseph T., 292 Washington St.
 Brown, William, 547 Washington St.
 Campbell, Isaac T. 153 Broadway.
 Fowle, H. D., 71 Prince St.
 French, Chas., 367 Hanover St.
 Gleeson, John A., Harrison Avenue, cor. Harvard St.
 Gleeson, M. H., Summer, cor. High St.
 Gleeson, T. F., 1,082 Washington St.
 Harris & Chapman, 130 Tremont St.
 Henchman, Daniel, 65 Cambridge St.
 Hollis, Thomas, 23 Union St.
 Kent, Robert R., Meridian, cor. Maverick St.
 Lincoln, H. W., Charles, cor. Chestnut St.
 Littlefield, A., Beech, cor. Lincoln St.
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 Parker, J. L., Tremont, cor. Eliot St.
 Parmenter, G. W., 268 Hanover St.
 Patten, I. B. & Co., 27 Harrison Avenue.

Restieaux, Thomas, 29 Tremont St.
Ricker, Geo. D., 166 Salem St.
Smally, Elijah, 170 Harrison Avenue.
Smith & Melvin, 325 Washington Street.
Tompkins, Orlando, 271 Washington St.
Warren, Henry, Green, cor. Leverett St.
Wilbor, A. G., 745 Washington St.
Wilbor, Joshua G., 119 Leverett St.
Woods, Samuel H., 51 Tremont St.

Officers of the District Medical Societies in Massachusetts.

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FRANKLIN. — Dr. J. W. D. Osgood, Greenfield, *President*; Dr. Josiah Trow, Buckland, *Vice President*; Dr. William Dwight, Benardstown, *Secretary, Treasurer, and Librarian*.

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President; Dr. S. Richardson, Watertown, *Vice President*; Dr. J. T. G. Nichols, Cambridge, *Secretary*; Dr. B. F. D. Adams, Waltham, *Treasurer*.

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WORCESTER NORTH. — Dr. David Parker, Gardner, *President*; Dr. Alfred Hitchcock, Fitchburg, *Vice President*; Dr. George D. Colony, Fitchburg, *Secretary and Librarian*; Dr. Thomas R. Boutelle, Fitchburg, *Treasurer*.

American Ophthalmological Society.

OFFICERS 1866-7.

Edward Delafield, M. D., New York, *President*.
H. W. Williams, M. D., Boston, *Vice President*.
Herman Althof, M. D., New York, *Corresponding Sec.*
Henry D. Noyes, M. D., New York, *Recording Sec.*

Historical Record.

EARLY PRACTITIONERS OF MEDICINE IN MASS.

The Hon. John Winthrop, son of Governor Winthrop, was eminent in medicine as well as in Philosophy, and was one of the founders of the Royal Society.

Dr. Samuel Fuller, was one of the earliest physicians in the Colony. He formed one of the company who came over in the first ship, and was a deacon in Rev. John Robinson's church. Whether he had enjoyed a collegiate education is uncertain, but he is said to have been well qualified in his profession.

In the year 1633, Dr. Giles Firmer was a deacon in the Boston Church, and was esteemed as an able physician, and a man of learning.

In 1637, it is noticed that Dr. John Fisk arrived and settled in Salem, where he sustained a respectable character as a clergyman and physician.

William Gager accompanied Governor Winthrop to Boston, in the character of surgeon, where he died greatly lamented.

At the first Commencement at Harvard College, in 1642, Samuel Bellingham, and Henry Saltonstall were graduated, and were afterwards honored with the degree of M. D., at European Universities, and both were reputed learned and skilful physicians.

Leonard Hoar was graduated at Cambridge in 1650, and repaired to England, where he studied medicine and received the degree of M. D. ; he returned to New Eng-

land, and was for two years President of Harvard College. John Glover, in 1650, repaired to England, and returned after having the degree of M. D. conferred on him at Aberdeen.

Isaac Chauncy was graduated in 1651, and was honored with the degree of M. D., in Europe. John Rogers, M. D., was President of Harvard College, from 1682 to 1684, but whether he was in the practice of medicine was uncertain. Charles Chauncy was President of Harvard College in 1652; he had a medical education in England, and had six sons educated at Harvard College, all of whom studied medicine, and were said by Dr. Mather to have been eminent physicians as their father was before them.

Matthew Fuller was in Plymouth about 1640, he removed to Barnstable in 1652, where he died in 1678. He was appointed Surgeon General of the Provincial forces raised in Plymouth Colony in 1673. In the inventory of his personal effects, occurs this item: —

“*Surgeon's Chest and drugs*, £16.00; *Library*, £10.00;” Thomas Starr of Yarmouth, as early as 1640, and was there in 1670, is occasionally styled Chirurgeon in the public records. Samuel Seabury, styled Chirurgeon in the records, appears in Duxbury, at an early date, where he died in 1680. The following items occur in his inventory. “*Nicholas Culpepper's Practice of Physic*,” £1.4.0; ditto *Anatomy*, 3 s.; *Reed's Practice of Surgery*, 1 s. 6 d.; *Physician's Practice*, 1 s.; *Latin Herbal*, £1.10.

Act of Distillation, by John French, 2 s.; *Surgeon's Instruments*, 12 s.; *Antimonial Cup*, 5 s.

Thomas Little, graduated at Harvard College in 1695,

practised in Plymouth, where he died in 1712, aged 38; he left a son, Thomas, who practised in Chilmark.

Thomas Oliver, who was an elder in the Boston Church, is mentioned in Winthrop's Journal, as an experienced and skilful surgeon, about 1644.

The following physicians practised in Boston.

Dr. Nathaniel Williams, died 1739.

Dr. Thomas Thacher, died 1678, aged 58.

Dr. Henry Taylor, was a surgeon in Boston in 1669.

Dr. Daniel Stone was in Boston in 1671.

Drs. Thomas Oaks and William Hugh, were in Boston from 1685 to 1695.

Dr. Elisha Cooke, Sr., died, in 1685, aged 78.

Dr. Elisha Cooke, Jr., died in 1737.

MEDICAL FEES IN THE LAST CENTURY.

In 1781 meetings were held in Boston to regulate the fees of physicians. Physician's fees had been much below par, and when paid in depreciated paper money, little or nothing could be realized from them. The fee for a visit was one shilling and sixpence, afterwards increased to two shillings. Midwifery and capital operations were at a guinea, with charges for after-visits. The first fees established by the medical club, were fifty cents for a visit; if in consultation, one dollar; rising and visit in the night, after 11 o'clock and before sunrise, double fee. Obstetrical cases, eight dollars: capital operation, or setting a fractured bone, one guinea: bleeding, opening abscess, extracting tooth, fifty cents; and the usual fee for visit was added. All accounts were to be calculated in hard money, and, if paid in pa-

per, according to such agreement as could be made with the parties.

In 1808, the expenses of living, as well as the wealth of the town, had greatly increased, and the charge for a visit was raised to a dollar and a half, with additions more or less, for other services. Since that time there have been occasional alterations; but there has not been any general change in the tariff for medical services.

In the table of 1808, a new principle was introduced, authorizing a reduction of the fees to persons of moderate property, or of very limited incomes.

FIRST MEDICAL WORK PUBLISHED IN MASSACHUSETTS.

The first Medical Work published in Massachusetts was a paper, in 1677, entitled, "*A brief guide in the smallpox and measles, by Thomas Thatcher.*" Dr. Thatcher was also a clergyman, and is spoken of as the best scholar of his time; he died in 1678, aged 58 years.

FIRST HOSPITAL.

Our earliest evidence of a medical establishment, is a hospital on Rainsford Island, in the harbor of Boston; which for upwards of one hundred and fifty years, has been appropriated to the reception of mariners and others. It is now under the direction of the Board of Health.

HISTORICAL NOTE IN REGARD 'TO VACCINATION.

Vaccination was introduced into this country by Dr. Waterhouse of this city, who first vaccinated his son. The introduction of variolous inoculation in Boston, by the influence and patronage of Cotton Mather, was a subject of much speculation. The clergy were defenders of inoculation. The conduct of the medical Faculty, who exerted their whole force to annihilate it, was "violent and outrageous." A sermon, against the dangerous and sinful practice of inoculation, preached in London, in July, 1722, by Edward Massey, was reprinted in Boston.

Zabdiel Boylston, was one of the earliest inoculators for smallpox in Massachusetts. His experiments commenced with his son, in 1720, and in a year he extended the disease to 247 persons, of whom but six died.

ANATOMICAL SOCIETY.

An association of under-graduates, denominated the Anatomical Society, existed at the University in 1771 and was instituted previous to that time. They held private meetings for the discussion of medical and physiological questions, and were in possession of a skeleton; but their demonstrations were confined to the dissection of appropriate animals, as the examination of a human body was then an extraordinary occurrence with the most inquisitive anatomists.

FIRST AMPUTATION.

James Lloyd, a pupil of Dr. William Clark, attended the instructions of Drs. Warner, Sharp, Smellie,

and Hunter of London, in 1753. He returned the following year, and has the credit of introducing the practice of amputation with the double incision, and of being the earliest systematic practitioner in midwifery in Boston.

OATH OF HIPPOCRATES.

[From page 66, Elisha Bartlett's discourse on the times, character, and writings of Hippocrates. New York, 1852.]

I swear by Apollo, physician : by Esculapius, by Hygiea and Panacea : by all the gods, and all the goddesses — taking them to witness — that I will fulfil with my strength and my capacity, this oath and engagement : — I will place my master in medicine in the same rank with the authors of my life ; I will share with him my fortune, and in necessity I will provide for his wants ; I will regard his sons as brothers ; and if they desire to learn medicine, I will teach it to them without pay. I will communicate my precepts, my oral lessons, and all other instruction, to my sons, to the sons of my master, and to those disciples who are bound by an engagement and an oath, according to the medical law, but to no others. I will direct the regimen of my patients for their advantage to the best of my ability and my judgment ; I will abstain from all wrong and all injustice. I will not furnish poison to any one who solicits it, neither will I make a suggestion of it to any one ; neither will I furnish to any woman an abortive. I will pass my life, and exercise my art in innocency and purity. I will not perform the operation of lithotomy, but will leave it to those

who occupy themselves with it. Into whatever house I enter, it shall be for the good of my patients, keeping myself from all corrupting conduct, and especially from the seduction of women and boys — free or slaves. Whatever I hear or see in society, in the exercise, and even not in the exercise of my profession, I will keep secret, if it is not necessary to divulge it, regarding discretion as a duty in all such cases. If I fulfil this oath, without violation, may it be given to me to enjoy happily, life, and my profession, honored forever among men; if I violate it, and perjure myself, let the opposite fate be my lot.

THE FOLLOWING SURGEONS APPOINTED FROM MASSACHUSETTS, HAVE RECEIVED A BREVET PROMOTION FROM THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT. :—

Brevet Brigadier General, U. S. A.,
Surgeon Chas. H. Crane, U. S. A.

Brevet Major, U. S. A.,
Assistant Surgeon Warren Webster, U. S. A.

Brevet Colonel, U. S. Vols.,
Surgeon S. A. Holman, U. S. Vols.

Brevet Lieutenant Colonels, U. S. Vols.

Surgeon David P. Smith,

“ Ira Russell,

“ J. Theodore Heard,

“ F. S. Ainsworth,

“ John W. Foye,

“ C. N. Chamberlain,

Surgeon P. A. O'Connell,
 " A. M. Wilder,
 " Frank Meacham,
 " L. R. Stone,
 " O. M. Humphrey,
 " Joel Seaverns,
 " Geo. Derby,
 " Geo. A. Otis,
 " B. B. Breed.

Brevet Major, U. S. Vols.,
 Assistant Surgeon J. W. Merriam.

Brevet Captains, U. S. Vols.,
 Assistant Surgeon D. B. Hannan,
 " " J. W. Hayward.

MEDICAL STAFF IN THE VOLUNTEER SERVICE OF
 MASSACHUSETTS, COMMISSIONED FROM BOSTON.

*Those marked * died in the Service.*

Date.	Names.	Rank.
April 20, 1861,	John P. Ordway,	Surgeon.
" "	Le Baron Munroe,	Asst. Surgeon.
Dec. 26, 1862,	Joseph F. Gould,	" "
Aug. 29, 1862,	*Robert Ware,	Surgeon.
Mar. 25, 1863,	Daniel McPhee,	Asst. Surgeon.
Oct. 20, 1862,	Samuel Kneeland,	Surgeon.
" "	Joshua B. Treadwell,	Asst. Surgeon.
Mar. 25, 1863,	Daniel McLean,	" "
Nov. 4, 1862,	Frederick W. Mercer,	" "
April 29, 1863,	Charles F. Barnard,	" "

Date.	Names.	Rank.
Nov. 21, 1862,	Frederick Winsor,	Surgeon.
Dec. 8, 1862,	Paul C. Garvin,	Asst. Surgeon.
July 28, 1864,	Joshua B. Treadwell,	Surgeon
“ “	Geo. H. Jones,	Asst. Surgeon.
Aug. 1, 1864,	Frederick W. Mercer,	Surgeon.
Aug. 26, 1864,	Geo. H. Powers,	Asst. Surgeon.
May 30, 1861,	Richard H. Salter,	Surgeon.
May 25, 1861,	Samuel A. Green,	Asst. Surgeon.
Mar. 18, 1863,	*Neil K. Gunn,	“ “
Aug. 7, 1863,	John B. Garvie,	“ “
May 28, 1861,	Lucius M. Sargent, Jr.,	Surgeon.
Sept. 27, 1864,	Wm. Nichols, Jr.,	“
Mar. 10, 1863,	*James Wightman,	Asst. Surgeon.
May 5, 1863,	Wm. Nichols, Jr.,	“ “
July 29, 1863,	Geo. F. Peck,	“ “
June 15, 1861,	Z. Boylston Adams,	“ “
June 11, 1861,	Peter Pineo,	Surgeon.
Dec. 13, 1862,	James F. Sullivan,	“
June 11, 1861,	Patrick A. O'Connell,	Asst. Surgeon.
Sept. 12, 1861,	Francis M. Lincoln,	“ “
July 31, 1861,	James F. Sullivan,	“ “
Aug. 14, 1861,	James W. Fitzpatrick	“ “
Dec. 13, 1861,	John Ryan,	“ “
June 13, 1861,	John W. Foye,	“ “
April 23, 1862,	“ “	Surgeon. *
Aug. 29, 1862,	Samuel C. Whittier,	Asst. Surgeon.
June 26, 1861,	Jedidiah H. Baxter,	Surgeon.
April 29, 1862,	John McLean Hayward,	“
May 26, 1863,	Wm. H. W. Hinds,	“
June 26, 1861,	Albert McLean Hayward,	Asst. Surgeon.
Aug. 13, 1862,	John H. McGregor,	“ “

Date.	Names.	Rank.
July 16, 1861,	Allston W. Whitney,	Surgeon.
“ “	J. T. Heard,	Asst. Surgeon.
Aug. 21, 1861,	W. H. W. Hinds,	“ “
July 3, 1863,	Geo. W. Clarke,	“ “
Aug. 14, 1862,	Joseph W. Merriam,	“ “
Jan. 29, 1863,	Joshua G. Wilbur,	“ “
Aug. 22, 1861,	Josiah N. Willard,	“ “
Nov. 6, 1862,	Vertulan R. Stone,	“ “
Mar. 19, 1863,	Wm. D. Knapp,	“ “
June 15, 1865,	David W. Fulton,	“ “
July 1, 1861,	Henry Bryant,	Surgeon.
Dec. 7, 1864,	Fred. W. Mercer,	“
Sept. 10, 1861,	*Edward H. R. Revere,	Asst. Surgeon.
Mar. 18, 1863,	John G. Perry,	“ “
Apr. 7, 1865,	C. E. Inches,	“ “
June 25, 1862,	F. L. Ainsworth,	Surgeon.
Feb. 20, 1863,	Geo. T. Perkins,	Asst. Surgeon.
Sept. 11, 1861,	Geo. Derby,	Surgeon.
May 26, 1864,	Samuel C. Whittier,	“
Aug. 7, 1862,	Jacob Roberts,	Asst. Surgeon.
Sept. 2, 1861,	Samuel A Green,	Surgeon.
“ “	Hall Curtis,	Asst. Surgeon.
Aug. 12, 1862,	Chas. F. Briggs,	“ “
Aug. 7, 1863,	Wm. S. Tremain,	“ “
April 8, 1865,	John W. Parsons,	“ “
July 16, 1863,	Samuel E. Shantz,	“ “
Dec. 21, 1864,	Geo. T. Perkins,	Surgeon.
Oct. 25, 1861,	Patrick O'Connell,	“
May 26, 1862,	Z. Boylston Adams,	“
Mar. 16, 1863,	Samuel L. Young,	Asst. Surgeon.
Oct. 17, 1864,	Geo. T. Perkins,	“ “

Date.	Names.	Rank.
June 27, 1862,	Wm. S. Brown,	Asst. Surgeon.
Mar. 17, 1863,	Murdock McGregor,	“ “
July 28, 1862,	Francis M. Lincoln,	Surgeon.
June 16, 1863,	Edward P. Roche,	Asst. Surgeon.
Aug. 7, 1862,	Chas. F. Crehore,	Surgeon.
Dec. 21, 1864.	Elisha M. White,	“
Mar. 27, 1863,	Albert L. Mitchell,	Asst. Surgeon.
Mar. 29, 1864,	Elisha M. White,	“ “
April, 7, 1855,	C. E. Inches,	“ “
Aug. 22, 1862,	Calvin E. Page,	Surgeon.
Oct. 6, 1863,	Paul C. Garvin	Asst. Surgeon.
Nov. 24, 1863,	Chas. E. Briggs,	Surgeon.
July 20, 1863,	Giles M. Pease,	Asst. Surgeon.
June 14, 1865,	J. B. Treadwell,	“ “
Mar. 15, 1863,	W. S. Brown,	Surgeon.
June 14, 1865,	W. H. Lothrop,	Asst. Surgeon.
May 5, 1865,	M. F. Gavin,	“ “
April 12, 1864,	Thomas Dawson,	“ “
Sept. 3, 1863,	F. W. Mercer,	Surgeon.
April 26, 1864,	Paul C. Garvin,	“
April 7, 1865,	O. F. Wadsworth,	Asst. Surgeon.
Nov. 10, 1862,	Josiah N. Willard,	Surgeon.
Mar. 1, 1862,	Edward B. Mason,	Asst. Surgeon.
June 18, 1863,	Hall Curtis,	Surgeon.
Nov. 9, 1863,	James H. Denny,	Asst. Surgeon.
Dec. 9, 1864,	Wm. Nichols, Jr.,	Surgeon.
Nov. 14, 1864,	John Stearns,	“
Feb. 4, 1865,	Rufus A. Olloque,	Asst. Surgeon.

MEDICAL NECROLOGY.

THE following Necrological Record was not prepared until the greater part of the Register had passed through the press. The material has been taken from the Medical journals, and communications of the Massachusetts Medical Society. The Record is not complete, — but omissions will be embodied in future editions of the Register.

1862.

APRIL 24.

CHARLES F. HOFFENDAHL, M. D., aged 63 years, 10 months.

APRIL 29.

JOHN B. ALLEY, M. D., aged 38. Dr. Alley was for a number of years Superintendent of the Boston Dispensary; he was also Secretary of the Massachusetts Medical Society, and one of its Councillors, and had held many positions of trust, in this as well as other Medical Associations. A man of singular gentleness of manner, he seemed ever ready to do an act of kindness, and in all his social relations his bearing was marked by that consideration for others which always denotes the Christian gentleman.

MAY 14.

JOHN B. BROWN, M. D., aged 77. Dr. Brown was born October 20, 1784. He was the son of Dr.

Jabez Brown, of Wilmington, Mass., who had a very extensive practice in that and neighboring towns, and who continued in practice 67 years; dying at the advanced age of 88. Dr. John B. Brown was graduated at Brown University, Providence, R. I., in 1806. He studied medicine with Dr. Augustus Holyoke, in Salem, Mass., until the latter relinquished practice, and finished his medical studies with Dr. Moses Little. After taking his medical degree, he removed to Dorchester, Mass., in 1809, where he soon had a large practice. He removed to Boston in 1810. In 1814, Dr. Brown married the third daughter of Dr. John Warren. In the following year he was appointed physician and surgeon of the Boston Almshouse, which at that time was the only Hospital in the city or State. When the Massachusetts General Hospital was built and organized, Dr. J. C. Warren was appointed surgeon, and Dr. Brown associate surgeon at this institution, and when he resigned this office, he was appointed consulting surgeon, which office he retained for many years. In 1838, Dr. Brown devoted much attention to the study and treatment of what is now termed Orthopedic Surgery, and on the 21st of February 1839, he performed the first operation for the cure of talipes by the subcutaneous section of the contracted tendons. Dr. Brown had amassed a large store of practical knowledge, which he was always happy to impart. He was endowed by nature with a cheerful temper, and the weight of years had not repressed it.

1863.**JANUARY 8.**

JOHN C. DALTON, M. D., aged 68 years. Dr. Dalton was born in this city May 31, 1795; he was graduated at Harvard College in 1814, and studied medicine in the office of Dr. Josiah Bartlett, of Charlestown. On Saturday January, 2d, he stepped out to purchase the "Life" of his classmate, W. H. Prescott, for a New Year's gift to another classmate. He had hardly left his door-step when his foot slipped upon a patch of ice on the sidewalk, and he fell heavily to the ground. He was assisted up, and reëntered the house, and did not immediately suffer very severe pain. But as the pain increased, he went to bed, and a physician was sent for. The pain was repressed by anodyne, but it was not until the next day that he was able to dispense with their aid. It soon appeared, however, that an attack of pleuro-pneumonia had set in, and his strength was not sufficient to resist this new enemy. On Friday at half past four o'clock, he breathed his last.

FEBRUARY 23.

DAVID OSGOOD, M. D., aged 69 years.

APRIL 10.

ROBERT WARE, M. D. Dr. Ware was the son of Dr. John Ware of this city. He was graduated at Cambridge in 1852, and from the Medical Depart-

ment of the University in 1856, having spent a year of his student life in Europe with his father. For several years he had charge of the largest dispensary district in this city. In the fall of 1861, he entered the service of the Sanitary Commission as Inspector of hospitals and camps, and remained absent in the discharge of these duties until the summer of 1863, when he returned, and soon afterwards accepted the position of Surgeon to the 44th Massachusetts Volunteers. He died of lung fever, brought on or aggravated by overwork.

SEPTEMBER 30.

S. HAMILTON KEEP, M. D., aged 30 years.

OCTOBER 7.

GEORGE HAYWARD, M. D., of apoplexy, aged 72 years. Dr. Hayward was chosen Assistant Surgeon of the Massachusetts General Hospital in 1826, then Junior Surgeon in 1830, and chief in 1838, which post he resigned in 1851, after twenty years of active service; still, however, continuing, to the day of his death, as an efficient member of the Board of Consultation.

DECEMBER 25.

In London, England, FRANCIS BOOTT, M. D., a native of Boston, a graduate of Harvard University and an Honorary Member of the Massachusetts Medical Society.

1864.**SEPTEMBER 24.**

DR. GEORGE BARTLETT, aged 57 years, of Bright's disease. Dr. Bartlett was born at Plymouth, graduated at Harvard College in 1827, and at once entered on the study of medicine. Possessed by nature of a vigorous frame, rendered still more firm by active habits of life, he had scarcely known a day's illness, until a few months previous to his decease. He had a thorough knowledge of materia medica, was a careful observer of all new remedies, and tested them as fully as could any one who was a cautious practitioner. Not the least desirable qualification, self-possession, Dr. Bartlett had in an eminent degree; so much so, that in the absence of any remedy, medical or surgical, ordinarily in use, he could at once suggest some useful substitute. He was the soul of courtesy toward his professional brethren, and no one ever knew him to magnify his office in professional intercourse. It was with him an invariable rule, never afterwards to attend a patient he had once seen in consultation, lest it should rob the attending physician of a patient. So far did his sense of propriety carry him, that he invariably preferred some new adviser should take charge of the case, rather than that he should be in any way the means of dislodging the first practitioner. Thus, with large experience, assiduous attention, and entire self-possession, he obtained the esteem and affection

of his patients, in a degree not always reached by practitioners of the healing art.

DECEMBER 9.

LUCIUS M. SARGENT, Jr. M. D., aged 38 years. Dr. Sargent was born in Boston, September 15, 1826. His life, not a long one, was unusually varied and full of incident. At school, college, before the mast, as artist, physician, or soldier, he was always among the foremost where expedient, energy, talent, and courage were necessary for success. He had seen much of the world, and knew well both books and men. To whatever he undertook, he gave his whole energy with characteristic devotion. Few of his age were his equals in wit, literature, or science. To great physical strength he added the most delicate touch with the pencil, and the tenderest manipulation of the sick. After his marriage, in 1847, he fitted up a studio at his residence, and passed much of his time in drawing, painting, and collateral studies. Art anatomy naturally led to practical anatomy, and thence to medical science in general. Having decided to enter the profession, he made the business of preparation a no half-way matter. His zeal was unbounded, and his application unremitted. Nothing was too trivial to escape his rapid observation, nor too difficult to discourage his ardent enthusiasm. His progress was remarkable, and the position he attained unprecedented: so that when he graduated, he was already a man of mark, to whom

the profession looked in full expectation of greater things in after days. The Hospital created the office of artist to secure his services, and the Boston Society for Medical Improvement, at the earliest moment allowed by their Constitution, elected him a member. He soon became one of the most prominent physicians of the section of the city where he located, and a brilliant future seemed opening before him. But the chief obstacle to his medical career, came from a source the last to be suspected by any one not intimately acquainted with his character, — extreme tenderheartedness. Fearless of gods and men, the plaintive weakness of a sick child appalled, and its death, while under his care, completely unnerved him. It was while weighed down by an experience of this kind, that he obtained the appointment of Surgeon of a three years' regiment, 2d Mass Vols.; hoping that the duties of the service would be more tolerable. But the routine of winter quarters and the surgeon's call, with its array of malingerers, soon became too dull for his irrepressible energies. He accordingly resigned his medical commission, asked for a position in the cavalry, and was appointed Captain in the 1st Mass. Regt. Subsequently he was in a multitude of skirmishes and actions, and dangerous movements known only to cavalry service; and he rose in course with meritorious conduct to the rank of Lt. Colonel. At the successful action of Aldie Pass, he was wounded in the chest, and left for dead on the field; but the ball fortunately made only a

subcutaneous circuit of nearly one third the chest, and he soon recovered to return at once to his command. In his last action he fell at the end of a successful charge, at the head of his column, sword in hand, at the very moment of victory. Strong-handed yet tender-hearted; impulsive, yet tenacious of purpose; utterly without fear, yet watchfully cautious; gallantly daring in assault, yet undauntedly courageous in deadliest combat; of none of the patriot heroes who have nobly perished in unselfish efforts to save their perilled country, are the poet's words more *literally* true:—

“With knitted brow and lifted blade,
In Glory's arms they fall.”

APRIL 2.

WILLIAM JOHNSON WALKER, M. D., died at Newport, R. I., aged 74 years. He was born in Charlestown, March 15, 1789. He was fitted for College at Phillips' Academy, Andover, and entered Harvard University, where he was graduated in due course, in 1810. He commenced the study of medicine in Charlestown, and subsequently continued it in Medford, Mass., under the direction of John Brooks, M. D., afterwards Governor of the Commonwealth, for whom, as his medical instructor, he always expressed the profoundest regard. The study of his profession was perfectly congenial to his taste, and he pursued it, especially the branches of anatomy and physiology, with great industry and

success. While yet a student, he competed successfully for the prize on the subject of Hydrocephalus offered by the Boylston Medical Committee of Harvard University in 1813. He was graduated at the Massachusetts Medical College in 1813, and soon after, war at the time existing between the United States and Great Britain, sailed for France, in a privateer fitted out from Boston against the English commerce. In Paris he devoted himself assiduously to his profession. The number of the French students being greatly diminished by the conscriptions of Napoleon, the hospitals were mainly served by medical students from abroad. Of the unusual opportunities thus offered, Dr. Walker, in company with the late eminent professor of Clinical Surgery, in Harvard University, Dr. George Hayward, availed himself most faithfully, under the instruction of such men as Boyer, Roux, Dupuytren, Corvisart, Dubois, and Magendie. On the abdication of Napoleon and the cessation of hostilities after the battle of Leipzig, Dr. Walker went to London and became a pupil of Sir Astley Cooper. He spent six months in the prosecution of his studies in Guy's and St. Thomas's Hospitals, and then returned to the United States. He immediately commenced the practice of his profession in his native town. By his devotion and kindness to his patients, and his consideration of those less favored by fortune, he became beloved and popular; by his knowledge of his profession, by the readiness and clearness with which he

communicated that knowledge to his juniors, his affable manner towards them, and his scrupulous care of their reputation, he became with them a favorite consulting physician and surgeon. The older members of the profession, though they did not always find him as agreeable in the consultation-room as they might wish, could never deny the accuracy of his observations, nor the acuteness of his diagnosis. He was appointed physician and surgeon of the Massachusetts State Prison, which office he held for several years, and also consulting surgeon to the Massachusetts General Hospital. After having practised his profession about thirty years, and having performed successfully nearly all the capital operations in surgery, he relinquished it and came to Boston. He here turned his attention to the various public improvements in progress, especially in manufactures and railroads. The mental qualities which had made him eminent in his profession did not fail him in his new walk, and he soon amassed a large fortune. But it was no sooner acquired than he set about distributing it. Large sums were given to the Natural History Society of Boston, to Tufts College, to Amherst College, to the Institute of Technology in Boston, and to Williams College, amounting in all to about \$200,000. This was given during his lifetime; by his will the four first named institutions are his residuary legatees, and thus become the recipients of a further sum of more than \$800,000.

Dr. Walker himself had not a little experience as a medical instructor, and was eminently successful. Probably no physician in the State, not connected with one of the medical schools, received into his office so many pupils. He enjoyed humor, and possessed a dry and pleasant wit. Ten years before his death he suffered from saccharine diabetes; he one day remarked, "How have I been maligned; my brethren in the profession have some of them denounced me as a sour, crabbed old fellow, and here is their refutation, for I am melting into honey-dew."

Dr. Walker married, in 1817, Eliza Hurd, daughter of Joseph Hurd, of Charlestown, by whom he had eight children. His widow and five of his children survive him.

JUNE 10.

CHARLES H. STEDMAN, M. D., aged 61 years. Dr. Stedman was born in Lancaster, Mass., on the 17th of June, 1805. After completing a good elementary education at the best schools in the State, he studied medicine in Boston, under the pupilage of Drs. James Jackson and Walter Channing, and received his medical degree from the Medical School of Harvard College, in 1828, having attended the usual number of courses of lectures by the professors of that University. Soon after taking his degree, he was appointed Surgeon and Superintendent of the United States Marine Hospital at Chelsea, and subsequently was Physician and Superintendent of the City Lunatic

Hospital at South Boston, for several years, and at his decease was one of the Visiting Surgeons of the New City Hospital. Notwithstanding his duties as a physician, he found time to devote himself to other occupations, and in 1855 served the city as a Senator in the Legislature of Massachusetts, and in 1856 and 1857 as a Counsellor for the County of Suffolk; since which time he has assiduously devoted himself to the practice of his profession. In all matters relating to mental derangement he has for many years been considered an expert, and consequently has been frequently consulted in legal cases where doubts of sanity existed.

JUNE 21.

REUBEN D. MUSSEY, M. D., LL.D., aged 86 years. Dr. Mussey was a native of New Hampshire, and one of the most learned and respected surgeons of New England. He was connected with Dartmouth College in various medical professorships, during the period between 1814 and 1838, and subsequently assumed a professorship in the Miami (Ohio) Medical College, being also connected with other institutions of a similar character in that State. During his stay in the West he had a large surgical practice in Cincinnati. He has published several medical works of much value.

Dr. Mussey was born in Pelham, N. H., June 23, 1780. When nine years of age his parents removed to Amherst, Mass. His father taught him the rudi-

ments of language, and it was about this time that the son exhibited unmistakable attachment for books and a thirst for knowledge. He afterwards removed to Peterboro' where his father died. Until he was fifteen years old he worked on the farm, and at sixteen, having acquired a fair education, began to teach. At twenty-one, he made such advancement, independent of his teaching, that he entered the Junior class at Dartmouth, where he graduated with honors, and afterwards commenced the practice of medicine in what is now known as the town of Essex, boarding with the father of Rufus Choate. After a few years of practice, Dr. Mussey entered the Medical College in Philadelphia, where he remained until 1809. Here he exhibited a true philosophical and independent spirit, not accepting all the theories taught there as practical science. He attacked in his "Thesis," Dr. Rush, which articles were widely read, and attracted popular attention. From Philadelphia, Dr. Mussey went to Salem, where he established a large practice. He was the favorite of that people and delivered lectures, and acquitted himself of honors. In 1813, he went to Dartmouth, having accepted a professorship of medicine there, and subsequently occupied other chairs in that institution, besides delivering lectures and attending a large practice, extending through New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and into Vermont. In 1837 he was offered simultaneously a professorship in New York, Cincinnati and Nashville. Family considerations con-

strained him to go to Cincinnati, where for a number of years he was the leading spirit in the medical college of that city. He afterwards was instrumental in founding a college in Ohio, and was its Professor for a period of six years. Since then he has given several text books to the world. The first and most prominent trait of his character was energy, for he had educated himself, having had the sum of one hundred and thirty dollars to start with in life. This fact was a noticeable one, considering the vast amount of work he had done in his life. His industry was another marked trait. Necessity made him industrious; his habits of early life clung to him, and he showed them till overtaken by death. No discovery escaped his attention, and every new thing in his profession commanded his active thought. He was also progressive, always up with the foremost; and this trait of character had ever been accorded to him by his brothers of the profession. In 1828 he tied both carotid arteries—the first successful operation of the kind that had been done, and performed other masterly pieces of surgery which attracted much attention in Europe as well as in America. After Dr. Mussey came to Boston he attended on all the most difficult cases and surgical operations. He seemed to be in an expectant state of mind, until within a few weeks of his death. He was among the first to act on the truth that medicine does not cure, practising to a large extent on hygienic principles. The theories advanced by him in this respect had

had a marked effect on the profession. As a member of Dr. Webb's Church at the time of his death, he took a deep interest in its welfare. During his last years the deceased seemed to want everything to become congenial with the kingdom of Christ. With all his extensive practice he found time for daily prayer and religious worship. He has, particularly in this respect, left an imperishable record. He was also in the habit of ministering to the souls as well as to the bodies of men. He believed that prayer was sometimes as necessary as medicine. Dr. Mussey was also benevolent, almost to a fault. He carried his religion into everything; and was respected though he was pronounced by some radical. Retiring, modest and at times diffident, he was a once beautifully and remarkably consistent. He practised truth before he recommended it. He believed in vegetable diet, for he did not eat meat for thirty years; he administered and took calomel himself because he believed in its efficacy. His radicalism was rich with the choicest blessings.

Names, Location, and Office Hours,

(As far as they could be ascertained,)

OF DULY QUALIFIED PRACTITIONERS OF MEDICINE, IN
THE CITY OF BOSTON.

The Editor has endeavored to make this list as complete as possible; canvassers have visited the residence of every Regular physician in the city, and should any names have been omitted through oversight, or from misrepresentation, upon evidence of the fact, a printed slip containing the names of such persons, will be sent to each subscriber of the work.

Abbot, Samuel L. 90 Mt. Vernon Street, until 10 a. m.,
1 to 4, and 6 p. m.

Adams, E. 23 Oxford Street, until 10 a. m., and 2 to 5
and 7 to 10 p. m.

Aiken, E. W. 717 Tremont Street, 2 to 6 p. m.

Ainsworth, F. S. 10 Bulfinch Street.

Allen, G. O. 217 Tremont Street, 10 to 12 m., and 2 to
4 p. m.

Ayer, James, 6 Hancock Street, until 8 a. m., 1 to 2,
2 1-2 to 3 1-2, and 6 p. m.

Ball, S. 19 Beacon Street, 9 a. m. and 2 p. m.

Bethune, G. A. 166 Tremont Street, 11 to 12 m.

Bigelow, G. F. 33 Essex Street, 1 to 2 p. m.

Bigelow, J. 59 Mt. Vernon Street, 1 to 2 p. m.

Bigelow, Henry J. 52 Beacon Street.

Blake, J. G. 95 Harrison Avenue, 1 to 3 p. m.

Borland, John N. 69 Mt. Vernon Street, 9 a. m.

- Bowditch, H. I. 113 Boylston Street, 2 to 4 p. m.
- Brown, Buckminster, 59 Bowdoin Street, 1 to 2 1-2 p. m.
- Browne, C. H. 11 Hancock Street, 7 to 9 a. m., 12 to 2 p. m.
- Brown, F. H. 79 Waltham Street, until 9 a. m., 2 p. m.
- Browne, Wm. A. 575 Tremont Street, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m., 4 to 6 and 8 to 9 p. m.
- Bryant, Henry, 13 Railroad Exchange.
- Buckingham, C. E. 911 Washington Street, 3 to 4 p. m.
- Bundy, F. E. 49 Harrison Avenue, until 9 1-2 a. m., 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m.
- Cabot, S. Jr. 11 Park Square, until 9 a. m., 12 1-2 to 2 p. m.
- Campbell, B. F. 67 Meridian Street.
- Carney, S. H. 905 Washington Street, 2 to 4 and 8 to 9 p. m.
- Carpenter, M. S. 66 Glover Street.
- Cheever, D. W. 1049 Washington Street, 2 to 3 p. m.
- Clark, Henry G. 18 Beacon Street, 3 p. m.
- Clark, L. 43 Pinckney Street, 12 to 2 p. m.
- Clarke, Edward H. 18 Arlington Street, 12 to 2 p. m.
- Cleveland, C. D. 50 Union Park. 1 to 3 p. m.
- Clough, J. 88 Tremont Street, 9 to 10 a. m.
- Codman, B. S. 13 Tremont Street, 9 to 1 p. m.
- Codman, W. W. 33 Boylston Street, 9 to a. m. 2 p. m.
- Coleman, W. F. 163 Broadway, until 9 a. m., and 12 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.
- Coit, Daniel T. 28 Harrison Avenue, 8 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 5 to 7 p. m.
- Coolidge, A. 65 Marlboro Street.
- Crane, P. M. 1 Meridian Street.

- Creaghe, John O'D. 10 Hollis Street, 11 a. m. to 3 p. m.
- Crehore, C. F. 106 Springfield Street, 2 to 3 1-2 p. m.
- Cummings, J. A. 1 Asylum Street.
- Cushing, J. W. 1043 Washington Street, 8 to 9 a. m.
and 1 to 3 p. m.
- Cushing, Stephen, 722 Washington Street, 8 to 9 a. m.
2 to 3 p. m.
- Curtis, H. 2 Spruce Street.
- Cutter, Ephraim, 13 Pemberton Square, 8 to 12 m.
- Damon, H. M. 2 Decatur Street, 9 to 11 a. m., and 1 to
7 p. m.
- Damon, Howard F. 2 Decatur Street, until 10 a. m. 1
to 2 and 6 to 7 p. m.
- DeGrasse, John V. 42 Grove Street, 8 to 10 a. m., 4 to
5 p. m.
- Derby, Hasket, 6 Beacon Street, 9 to 11 a. m., 3 to 4
1-2 p. m.
- Dix, J. H. cor. Tremont and Boylston streets, 10 a. m.
to 3 p. m.
- Dupee, H. 84 Dover Street, until 9 a. m., and 2 to 4
p. m.
- Dürgin, Samuel H. 43 Chambers Street.
- Durkee, Silas, 50 Howard Street, 9 a. m. to 9. p. m.
- Dutton, S. L. 103 Harrison Avenue, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3
p. m.
- Eastham, C. 25 Tremont Street, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
- Eastman, E. T. 75 Shawmut Avenue, until 9 a. m., and
1 to 3 and after 6 p. m.
- Ellis, Calvin, 114 Boylston Street, 2 to 4 p. m.
- Fabyan, G. 191 Salem Street, 1 to 2 p. m.
- Fales, J. J. 22 Maverick Square.
- Fenn, A. I. 86 Cambridge Street, until 9 a. m., at 12
and 6 p. m.

- Ferguson, H. 61 Broadway, 8 1-2 a. m. and 2 1-2 p. m.
Flint, John, 1 Union Park, 2 to 4 p. m.
Flowers, Wm. C. 43 Eliot Street.
Fogg, J. S. H. 325 Broadway.
Folts, D. V. 387 Maverick Square.
Franks, E. S. 284 Washington Street, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
Franks, L. E. 284 Washington Street, 8 to 9 1-2 a. m.,
12 to 3 p. m.
Fuller, M. 35 Essex Street, 8 to 9 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.
Garratt, Alfred C. 9 Hamilton Place, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
Gay, G. H. 4 Park Square, 8 to 9 a. m. 2 1-2 to 4 p. m.
Gould, A. A. 31 Boylston Street, 7 to 8 1-2 a. m., 2 to
4 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Gould, J. F. 206 Broadway, until 8 a. m., and 12 to 3
and at 6 p. m.
Gray, Francis H. 1 Beacon Hill Place, 1 to 2 p. m.
Greene, M. C. 69 Green Street, until 9 a. m., 2 to 4
p. m.
Greene, N. jun. 2 Tremont Temple, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Gregg, Samuel, 35 Howard Street, until 9 a. m., and 3
to 5 and 6 1-2 p. m.
Hall, A. B. 89 Salem St. 1 to 2 p. m.
Harlow, E. A. W. 26 Harrison Avenue, 12 m. to 2
p. m.
Harlow, James F. 71 Cambridge Street, 8 to 9 a. m. 1
to 3 p. m.
Hart, John, 104 Tyler Street, 9 to 11 a. m. and 2 to 4
p. m.
Hartnett, M. K. 73 Summer Street, 8 to 10 a. m., and 2
to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.
Harwood D. 11 Summer Street, 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Hay, Gustavus, 65 Charles Street, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 2 to 4 p. m., Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 11 to 1 p. m.

Hayes, A. A. 59 Chester Square, 8 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Hayward, G. 13 Temple Place, 8 to 9 a. m., and 12 to 1 p. m.

Hayward, J. McL. 618 Tremont Street, 11 a. m. to 10 p. m.

Heard, J. Theodore, 4 Louisburg Square.

Heaton, G. 2 Exeter Place, 10 a. m. to 4 p. m., and at 6 p. m.

Hill, John B. 2 Van Rensselaer Place, 8 to 10 a. m., and 12 m. to 2 and 3 to 5 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Hitchcock, T. B. 169 Tremont Street, 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 2 to 4 p. m.

Hodges, R. M. 50 Chauncy Street, until 9 a. m. and 1 1-2 to 6 p. m.

Homans, Chas. D. 4 Temple Place, 1 1-2 to 3 p. m.

Homans, John, 11 Arlington Street, 1 to 2 1-2 p. m.

Hoskins, T. H. 868 Washington Street, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

Howe, Samuel G. 20 Bromfield Street, 1 to 2 p. m.

Hubbard, G. 3 1-2 Portland Street.

Hyde, George S. 11 Rutland Street, 8 to 9 a. m., and 2 to 3 p. m.

Hyndman, J. 60 Summer Street, 9 to 10 a. m. 2 to 4 p. m.

Inches, C. E. 202 Hanover Street, 9 to 12 m., and 4 to 7 p. m.

Ingalls, P. P. 187 Broadway, 8 to 10 a. m. and 1 to 2 p. m.

Ingalls, William, 2 Dover Street, 3 to 5 p. m.

Jackson, J. 14 Marlboro Street.

Jackson, Chas. T. State Assayer, 32 Somerset Street.

Jackson, J. B. S. 24 Chauncy Street, until 9 1-2 a. m.,
and at 4 p. m.

Jarvis, J. F. 22 Leverett Street, 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3
p. m.

Jeffries, B. Joy, 15 Chestnut Street, 1 p. m.

Jeffries, John, 15 Chestnut Street, 1 p. m.

Jenks, Thomas L. 10 Allen Street.

Johnson, Wm. Otis, 4 Beacon Street, 8 to 9 a. m. 1 1-2
to 2 1-2, and 6 to 7 p.m.

Jones, George H. 17 Cambridge Street, 7 1-2 to 8 1-2
a. m., 2 to 3 1-2 p. m.

Jones, George S. 17 Cambridge Street, 7 1-2 to 8 1-2
a. m.; 2 to 3 1-2 p. m.

Jones, Joseph S. 1 Bowdoin Street, 8 to 9 a. m., 2 to 3
and 6 to 7 p. m.

Keep, N. C. 74 Boylston Street, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Kimball, Gilman, cor. Cambridge and Staniford streets,
10 1-2 a. m. to 2 1-2 a. m.

Lamson, John A. 1 Staniford Street, until 9 a. m., 1 and
2 1-2 to 4 p. m.

Langmead, S. W. 1 Park Square.

Lee, H. S. 11 Hayward Pl. 8 to 12 m. and 3 to 5 p. m.

Leonard, M. B. 7 Meridian Street.

Logan, Samuel L. 33 Meridian Street.

Lombard, Josiah S. 67 Marlboro Street.

Lyman, George H. 171 Tremont Street.

Mackie, Wm. B. 675 Tremont Street, 9 to 10 a. m.,
12 1-2 to 3 p. m.

Mann, J. 302 Broadway.

Martin, A. D. W. 200 Harrison Avenue, until 9 a. m.,
2 to 4 and 6 to 8 p. m.

McDonald, A. E. 91 Salem Street, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.

McDonald, James, 83 Leverett Street.

McDougal, S. J. 18 Boylston Street, until 8 a. m. and at 6 p. m.

McLaughlin, J. A. 35 1-2 Kneeland Street, 8 to 9 a. m., 2 to 6 p. m.

McSheehy, John J. Chelsea, corner Bennington Street.

Mighill, Stephen, 356 Hanover Street, until 9 a. m., and 1 to 3 p. m.

Mighill, S. 3 Tileston Street, until 9 a. m., and 1 to 3 p. m.

Minot Francis, 7 Charles Street, until 8 a. m., 1 to 2 1-2 p. m.

Moffatt, G. T. 4 Hamilton Place, 9 a. m., to 4 p. m.

Moore, E. B. 255 Hanover Street, 8 a. m., to 8 p. m.

Moore, I. L. 650 Washington Street, 8 to 9 a. m., 1 1-2 to 3 1-2 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Morland, W. W. 13 Arlington Street, 2 1-2 to 4 1-2 p. m.

Morrill, Samuel, 3 Kingston Street, 1 to 2 p. m.

Munroe, W. F. 109 Mt. Vernon Street, 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

Newell, R. W. Rear of 6 Staniford Street, until 9 a. m., 1 to 4 and 6 1-2 p. m.

Nichols, G. H. 52 Chester Park, E., 3 to 5 p. m.

Nihill, J. L. 203 Broadway, 8 to 10 a. m., and 2 to 6 p. m.

Niles, J. N. 28 Eliot Street.

O'Connell, P. A. 21 Harrison Avenue, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

Ogden, William M. 278 Shawmut Avenue, 9 to 12 a. m., and 2 to 5 p. m.

- Oliver, F. E. 49 Hancock Street, 1 to 2 1-2 and 3 to 5.
p. m.
- Oliver, H. K. 8 Joy Street, 1 to 3 1-2 p. m.
- Ordway, John P. 42 Bedford Street, until 9 1-2 a. m.,
and 3 to 7 p. m.
- Osgood, W. 875 Washington Street at 1 p. m.
- Page, C. G. 69 Myrtle Street, 1 to 3 p. m.
- Page, W. H. 48 Beach Street, 2 to 3 p. m.
- Palmer, E. Tremont Place, 3 to 5 p. m.
- Palmer, E. D. G. 3 Montgomery Place.
- Parcher, S. F. 2 Lewis Street, E. B.
- Parker, D. M. 11 Summer Street, 9 a. m., to 3 p. m.
- Parks, Luther, Jr., 6 Chestnut Street, 8 1-2 to 10 a. m.
2 1-2 to 3 p. m.
- Patch, Franklin F. 51 Chambers Street, from 1 to 3 p. m.,
- Perkins, E. A. 9 Shawmut Avenue, 2 to 4 and 7 p. m.
- Porter, Charles B. 104 Boylston Street.
- Prescott, B. T. 516 Tremont Street.
- Provan, R. 210 Broadway, 8 to 10 a. m., and 1 to 3 p. m.
- Putnam, C. G. 24 Marlboro' Street.
- Read, William, 873 Washington Street, 7 to 8 a. m., 2
to 4 and 6 to 7 p. m.
- Renton, George, 14 Bedford Street, until 9 a. m., and 2
to 4 p. m.
- Reynolds, E. 2 Ashburton Place.
- Reynolds, J. P. 206 Tremont Street, until 8 a. m., 1 1-2
to 2 1-2 and at 7 p. m.
- Richardson, A. P. 77 Green Street, 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3
and 7 to 9 p. m.
- Rolfe, E. C. 616 Washington Street, 8 a. m., to 9 p. m.
- Ropes, Francis C. 104 Mt. Vernon Street, 2 to 3 1-2 p. m.
- Roy, J. 3 Causeway Street.

Ryan, J. 3 North Square, 9 to 11 a. m., and 3 to 5 p. m.

Salter, R. H. 1 Staniford Street, 1 to 2 and 3 to 5 p. m.

Sargent, Howard, 20 Chester Park, 7 to 10 a. m.

Saville, H. M. 41 Union Park, 8 to 10 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m.

Sharpe, John C. 40 Commonwealth Avenue, 11 a. m.

Shattuck, G. C. 15 Pemberton Square.

Shaw, Henry L. 41 Essex Street, 9 to 10 a. m., 3 to 5 p. m.

Sheldon, L. R. 1058 Washington Street, 2 to 4 p. m.

Shurtleff, N. B. 2 Beacon Street, until 9 a. m., 2 1-2 to 3 1-2 and at 7 p. m.

Sinclair, A. D. 3 Park Square, 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 p. m.

Skinner, E. M. 27 Tremont Street, 9 1-2 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Skinner, John, 229 Tremont Street, 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Smythe, James, 34 Purchase Street, 8 to 11 a. m., 1 to 4 and after 6 p. m.

Sprague, Francis P. 21 Mt. Vernon Street, 9 to 11 a. m., 3 to 4 p. m.

Sprague, S. L. 29 Worcester Street, 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

Spring, Charles H. 12 Harrison Avenue, 9 to 2 p. m.

Storer, D. H. 132 Tremont Street, 12 to 2 p. m.

Storer, Horatio R. Boylston corner Tremont Street, 9 to 9 1-2 a. m., 1 to 2 1-2 p. m.

Stacy, H. 103 Court Street.

Stevens, C. 32 Newton Street, 12 1-2 to 4 p. m.

Stevens, J. A. 41 Howard Street, until 10 a. m., and 12 to 3 p. m.

Street, Charles C. 278 Hanover Street.

Swan, Charles W. 909 Washington Street, 3 to 4 p. m.

Thaxter D. McB. Jr. 370 Broadway, 2 to 3 p. m.

Thayer, D. 58 Beach Street, 8 to 9 a. m., and 2 to 4 p. m.

Thomson, George N. 1 Eliot Street, until 8 1-2 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m.

Thorndike, W. H. 31 Chelsea Street.

Tobie, I. W. 194 Hanover Street, 8 a. m., to 8 p. m.

Tower, G. 1 Bennett Street, 9 a. m., to 3 p. m.

Townsend, Solomon D. 18 Somerset Street, from 1 to 2 p. m.

Townsend, William E. 20 Beacon Street, from 2 to 4 p. m.

Treadwell, J. B. 291 Tremont Street, 11 a. m., to 1 p. m., and 3 to 4 p. m.

Trull, W. B. Meridian Street.

Tucker, E. G. 170 Tremont Street, 8 1-2 a. m., to 3 p. m.

Tucker, J. 4 Hamilton Place, 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Walker, J. E. 1060 Washington Street, 12 m. to 2 p. m.

Walsh, J. D. 12 Fleet Street, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Walsh, P. D. 75 Beach Street, 1 to 5 p. m.

Walsh, W. M. 3 North Square.

Ware, Chas. E. 39 West Street, 1 to 2 p. m.

Warren, D. K. 3 Avon Place, 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Warren, J. H. 903 Washington Street, 2 to 4 p. m.

Warren, J. Mason, 2 Park Street, 1 to 3 p. m., July and August 12 to 2 p. m.

Warren, John W. 49 Harrison Avenue.

Watson, A. A. 25 Harrison Avenue, 7 to 9 a. m. 2 to 3 p. m.

Webster, Joseph R. 762 Tremont Street, until 9 a. m., and 2 and 7 p. m.

Weld, M. W. 23 Worcester Street.

West, Benjamin H. 1 Bradford Street, 1 p. m.

White, James C. 10 Park Square, 12 m. to 3 p. m.

White, Robert, 165 Broad Street, 1 to 6 p. m. (Thurs-
and Fridays out of town.)

Wigglesworth, E. 81 Beacon Street.

Willard, F. A. 192 Shawmut Avenue, 1 to 5 and 7 to 8
p. m.

Willard, Robert, 93 Charles Street, 2 to 4 p. m.

Williams, H. W. 15 Arlington Street, 11 a. m. to 3 p. m.

Williams, J. L. 158 Tremont Street, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

Windship, George B. Church Building, Park Street, 10
to 2, 3 to 7 p. m.

Wood, A. M. 3 Minot Street

Youngman D. 630 Washington Street, 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to
3 p. m.

DEALERS IN MEDICAL BOOKS.

Burnham, T. O. H. P. 143 Washington Street.

Campbell, James, 18 Tremont Street.

Dutton, E. P. & Co. 135 Washington Street.

COLLECTORS.

Adams, Thomas, 80 Washington Street.

Bowen, Henry, 66 Dorchester Street.

Boyd, Andrew, 265 Washington Street, corner of
Winter.

Caverly, Charles, 23 State Street.

Clark, L. C. 113 Washington Street.

Crane, P. M. Jr. 1 Meridian Street, E. Boston.

Dunbar, J. 5 Court Square.

Farr, E. W. 12 Devonshire Street.

Fiske, Francis, 7 Court Avenue.

Foster & McLellan, 11 Custom House Street.

Fowles, Thomas T. 81 Washington Street.

Harrington, John C. 10 North Square.
Hatstat, W. M. 59 Court Street.
Kyle, Winslow S. 9 State Street.
Latham, Marcus, 9 LaGrange Street.
Martin, D. A. 47 Congress Street.
May, John, 8 Court Avenue.
McLellan, C. W. Grand Junction Wharf.
Neale, John B. 74 Washington Street.
Proctor, George B. 15 Congress Street.
Rich, Ed. R. 319 Broadway.
Silsby, J. P. 13 Court Square.
Stratton, T. W. 23 State Street.
Thompson, George, 76 Tremont Street.
Vialle, Stephen, 185 Salem Street.
Winnett, Jason, & Co. 9 State Street.

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Wilson, B. F. 141 Milk Street.

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Foster, J. F. 19 Boylston Street.
Leach & Greene, 2 Tremont Temple.
Wheeler, T. S. 13 School Street.
Palmer, R. 13 Tremont Street.
Phelps, W. H. 68 Tremont Street.
Skinner, N. Miss, 6 Seaver Place.

White, C. W. & Co. 99 Court Street.

Wilson, Norman, 228 Washington Street.

NURSES.

Abbott, Mary A. 6 Bay Street.

Alden, S. F. Miss, 10 Nassau Street.

Alexander, Mary A. 176 Springfield Street. (mid-wife.)

Allen, G. W. 56 Irving Street.

Ayer, Jane, 66 Myrtle Street.

Barnard, Lucinda, 5 Norfolk Place.

Bell, Margeret, 103 Pleasant Street.

Barry, Mary, 3 Malden Place.

Berrick, Hannah C. 89 Chambers Street.

Blanchard, Sarah, M. 1 1-2 Wesley Place.

Bresha, Mrs. 32 North Bennet Street.

Brown, Sarah, 34 Myrtle Street.

Butman, M. 14 Crescent Place.

Chase, Dyantha, D. n. Tudor Street.

Chase, A. Mrs. 54 Oak Street.

Chesman Hannah, 54 Village Street.

Clark, Abigail C. 97 Myrtle Street.

Coffin, Eunice Miss, 47 Oak Street.

Darling, Eliza, 3 Garland Street.

Davis, C. Mrs. 32 Grove Street.

Dickens, Hannah, F. 145 Salem Street.

Emerson, Mary B. Miss, 37 Hudson Street.

Everett, Sophia, 3 Corey Avenue.

Farnham, A. Mrs. 1 Bremen Street, E. Boston.

Fisk, C. H. rear 225 Tremont Street.

Follansbee, Mary P. 6 Pine Street.

Fox, Annie, 9 Common Street.
Hall, Grace, 4 East Street Place.
Haskell, Helen, Village Street.
Hatch, N. Mrs. 5 Norfolk Place.
Hayes, Mary, 132 1-2 Brighton Street.
Hinckley, Susan, 5 Norfolk Place.
Hogan, Elizabeth N. 26 Oneida Street.
Houghton, Marcia A. 87 Carner Street.
Hunkins, Martha, 21 Bradford Street.
Hutchinson E. K, cor. Seventh Street.
Ingalls, Mary, Mrs. 35 Oak Street.
Jennings, I. B. Miss, 47 Oak Street.
Jones, Maria, 5 Edgerly Place.
Joyce, W. D. 45 Piedmont Street.
Kelly, Mary A. 173 Gold Street.
Kenny, Ann M. 15 Shawmut Avenue.
Lane, Hannah, 78 Pleasant Street.
Lake, Abbie, A. 1 Anderson Place.
Lewis, Arvilla, 54 Village Street.
Lewis, Keziah, 4 Centre Street.
Little, R. S. Mrs. 131 Hudson Street.
Littlefield, Ephraim, 122 Brighton Street.
Lovell, Harriet, 38 E. Dedham Street.
Mansfield, H. P. 5 Fruit Street.
McCabe, Harriet C. 71 Lowell Street.
McClintock, E., 10 Blossom Street.
McDowall, Mary, 9 Nassua Street.
McElroy, Isabella, 121 Pleasant Street.
McFarland, Sarah, 80 Prince Street.
Miller, Elizabeth, 14 Lindall Place.
Moody, S. 31 Athens Street.
Miner, Louisa H. 46 Piedmont Street.

- Moore, Eliza T. 102 Pleasant Street.
Moyes, G. Mrs. 4 Norfolk Place.
Mundo, Charlotte, 72 Emerald Street.
Paget, E. Mrs. rear 54 Prince Street.
Palmer, Hettee, 46 Anderson Street.
Park, S. 171 Cambridge Street.
Parson, Eliza, 24 Anderson Street.
Pelby, Adaline, 6 Norfolk Place.
Potter, Sarah, 50 Chambers Street.
Richardson, Almira, 107 Poplar Street.
Richardson, Jane P. 8 W. Lenox Street.
Rogers, H. M. 13 S. Russell Street.
Rollins, Harriet P. 105 Harrison Avenue.
Ryder, Lucy V. 107 Pleasant Street.
Shackley, Eliza A. 118 Hudson Street.
Smith, Mary, 5 Edgerly Place.
Stafford, S. 39 Harrison Avenue.
Stetson, H. D. 32 Lynde Street.
Stoddard, Susan P. 3 Vinal Place.
Tarr, A. Mrs. 5 Norfolk Place.
Walker, Geo. Mrs. 64 Union Park Street.
Warren, S. E. Mrs. rear 37 Warren Street.
Watson, D. 6 S. Cedar Street.
Watts, Angeline W. Mrs. 129 Brighton Street.
Whalin, C., D, cor. Athens Street.
Wheeler, Harriet, rear 78 Pleasant Street.
White, Mary M. 11 Shawmut Avenue.
Whittemore, M. H. Mrs., 37 Hudson Street.
White, Sarah, D, n. Tudor.
Wilson, Mary, 17 Piedmont Street.
Wood, Nancy, boards 45 Harrison Avenue.
Wood, Timothy B. 887 Washington Street.
Wyatt, Mary L. 34 Myrtle Street.

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